#### TOWN OF BROOKLYN PLANNING AND ZONING COMMISSION Regular Meeting Agenda Wednesday, November 4, 2020 6:30 p.m.

To join this hearing via the web or phone, fo	llow the below instructions:
Web	Phone
Go to www.webex.com	Dial 1-408-418-9388
On the top right, click Join	Enter meeting number: 173 697 9203
Enter meeting information: 173 697 9203	You can bypass attendee number by
Enter meeting password: FALL1120red	pressing #
Click join meeting	

- I. Call to Order
- II. Roll Call
- **III.** Seating of Alternates
- IV. Adoption of Minutes: Regular Meeting October 20, 2020
- V. Public Commentary
- VI. Unfinished Business:
  - a. Reading of Legal Notice:
  - b. New Public Hearings:
  - c. Continued Public Hearings:
    - SP 20-002 Special Permit for additional vehicle storage, Applicant: Vachon Brooklyn, LLC, 512 Providence Road, Proposed construction of two 16' wide access drives to proposed new vehicle storage lots.
  - d. Other Unfinished Business:
    - SP 20-002 Special Permit for additional vehicle storage, Applicant: Vachon Brooklyn, LLC, 512 Providence Road, Proposed construction of two 16' wide access drives to proposed new vehicle storage lots.
    - 2. **ZC 20-003** Zone Boundary Change from RA to VC; Applicant: Ronald Sorel, Location: 94-102 Hartford Road, Approximately 4 acres on the north side of Hartford Road. (Public hearing scheduled for Nov. 17, 2020.)

# VII. New Business:

- a. Applications:
- **b.** Other New Business:

# VIII. Reports of Officers and Committees:

- a. Staff Reports
- b. Budget Update
- c. Correspondence.
- d. Chairman's Report.

# IX. Public Commentary

X. Adjourn

#### TOWN OF BROOKLYN PLANNING AND ZONING COMMISSION Regular Meeting Wednesday, October 20, 2020 6:30 p.m.

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Web	Phone
Go to www.webex.com	Dial 1-408-418-9388
On the top right, click Join	Enter meeting number: 173 976 3851
Enter meeting information: 173 976 3851	You can bypass attendee number by
Enter meeting password: FaLL1031MumS	pressing #
Click join meeting	

# **MINUTES**

- I. Call to Order Michelle Sigfridson, Chair, called the meeting to order at 6:47 p.m.
- **II. Roll Call** Michelle Sigfridson, Carlene Kelleher, Allen Fitzgerald, Earl Starks, Charles Sczuroski. Austin Tanner was absent with notice.

**Staff Present:** Jana Roberson, Director of Community Development; Rick Ives, First Selectman and ex officio Member of the PZC.

Also Present: Paul Terwilliger, P.C. Survey Associates.

**III.** Seating of Alternates: None.

#### IV. Adoption of Minutes: Regular Meeting September 15, 2020

Motion was made by C. Kelleher to approve the Minutes of the Regular Meeting of September 15, 2020. Second by A. Fitzgerald. No discussion. Motion carried unanimously by voice vote (5-0-0).

V. Public Commentary: None.

#### VI. Unfinished Business:

#### a. Reading of Legal Notice:

Jana Roberson read the Legal Notice for SP 20-002.

#### **b.** New Public Hearings:

1. **SP 20-002** – Special Permit for additional vehicle storage, Applicant: Vachon Brooklyn, LLC, 512 Providence Road, Proposed construction of two 16' wide access drives to proposed new vehicle storage lots.

J. Roberson explained that the Agent for the Applicant, Norm Thibeault, Engineer with Killingly Engineering Associates, was unable to attend this meeting and that he had requested that the public hearing be tabled so that he may address comments from the Town Engineer. He will also be conducting some testing. Ms. Roberson gave an update:

- Revised plans have been submitted (not included in packets to Commission Members). Landscaping was adjusted.
- A Drainage Report was submitted addressing Section 7.h. of the Zoning Regulations regarding storm water management. This information was forwarded to the Town Engineer, Syl Pauley. Ms. Roberson summarized (and read from) Mr. Pauley's letter of response which she received earlier in the day. Ms. Roberson stated that she had also shared Mr. Pauley's response with Mr. Thibeault earlier in the day. Mr. Pauley does not feel that the calculations are complete for the two detention basins shown on the plans.

Ms. Roberson explained that the Applicant does not plan on building this year and she noted the ongoing issues with the retention basins at WalMart which is in the vicinity.

There were no questions from the Commission Members.

M. Sigfridson announced that the public hearing would be tabled to the next regular meeting of November 4, 2020.

#### c. Continued Public Hearings: None.

#### d. Other Unfinished Business:

- SP 20-002 Special Permit for additional vehicle storage, Applicant: Vachon Brooklyn, LLC, 512 Providence Road, Proposed construction of two 16' wide access drives to proposed new vehicle storage lots. (Public hearing scheduled for September 15, 2020.) - Tabled to the next regular meeting of November 4, 2020.
- SD 20-003 3-lot Subdivision, Applicant: David and Nancy Bell, 6 acres on the east side of Prince Hill Road (131 Prince Hill Road, Map 34, Lot 52) in the RA Zone; Proposed creation of 3 residential buildings lots, two sharing a common driveway.

Ms. Roberson explained that the Application has been revised so there is no longer a common driveway and it is now just three residential lots.

Paul Terwilleger, P.C. Survey Associates, represented the Applicant:

- Mr. Terwilleger addressed the issue of Open Space: An appraisal had been done and was submitted. The property was appraised at \$48,000. The open space fee would be \$4,800. The fee for each of the three lots (payable at time of sale of each lot) would be \$1,600.
- Regarding preserving a stone wall on the road frontage along the driveway entrance on Lot #3: They re-assigned a retention area to preserve the wall. Revisions have made to the plan and has been submitted. He explained that it is re-grading so that the wall is preserved. He said that the designed engineer has reviewed it and signed-off on it.

Ms. Roberson displayed and orientated/described the area on the plan. She explained the revision which she said will ensure that the stone wall is not impacted and will be built/finished to the same style on either edge. She also stated that they have demonstrated that, by removing vegetation and doing minor grading, they can achieve sightlines without impacting any stone walls or boundary lines. Sight line information had been included in packets to Commission Members. She said that sight lines have been addressed on the plans with actual numbers. There were no questions from Commission Members.

Motion was made by C. Sczuroski to approve the Subdivision application of David and Nancy Bell, identified in the files of the Brooklyn Land Use Office as SD 20-003, to create three residential lots on 6 acres on the east side of Prince Hill Rd. (Map 34, Lot 52) in the RA Zone in accordance with all final plans, documents and testimony submitted with the application and including the following conditions:

- 1. Prior to the endorsement by the Commission of the Final Subdivision Plan(s) for filing in the office of the Town Clerk:
  - a. The Inland Wetlands and Watercourses Commission approval with conditions and the Planning and Zoning Commission approval with conditions must be included on the final recorded subdivision plans. Draft final approved plans shall be printed on paper and submitted to town staff for review prior to printing on archival material. The final approved plans bearing the seal and signature of the appropriate professionals and signed by Commission Chairs shall be recorded in the office of the Town Clerk.
  - b. All boundary pins and monuments shall be set and field verified by the surveyor.
- 2. At the time of sale of any building lot, a payment in lieu of open space dedication shall be paid by the applicant to the Town in the amount of \$1,600 per lot in accordance with the requirements of CT General Statutes 8-25 and Brooklyn Subdivision Regulation Sec. 8. An open space lien may be placed on the building lots to ensure that the fee-in-lieu of open space is paid at the time of sale.
- 3. Prior to the issuance of a Zoning Permit on any lot:
  - a. The developer shall notify the Zoning Enforcement Office and Town Planner at least seven days in advance of any site work to schedule a pre-construction meeting.
  - b. Driveway permits must be obtained from the Road Foreman in accordance with the adopted policy concerning driveways.
  - c. The applicant and/or individual lot developers shall minimize impacts to natural features both on private lots and in the Town of Brooklyn r.o.w. to the greatest extent possible. This shall include but is not limited to the preservation of stonewalls, the protection of mature trees lining any public road, and the minimization of clearing and grading.
  - d. No stonewalls, mature trees, or ledge within the r.o.w. shall be removed or modified unless necessary for safety. The responsibility of clearing, grubbing, blasting, and earthmoving with the Town of Brooklyn r.o.w. shall be the responsibility of the individual lot developer.
  - e. Any cutting of trees greater than 30" d.b.h. for sightlines shall require prior approval by the Town of Brooklyn Tree Warden upon finding that the removal of trees is unavoidable to guarantee adequate driveway sightlines.
- 4. Stonewalls must be finished on the edges prior to the issuance of a Certificate of Zoning Compliance on any lot containing a stone wall.

Second by C. Kelleher. No discussion.

Roll Call Vote: C. Kelleher – yes; E. Starks – yes; A. Fitzgerald – yes; C. Sczuroski - yes; M. Sigfridson – yes. Motion carried unanimously (5-0-0).

#### VII. New Business:

#### a. Applications:

**1. ZC 20-003** – Zone Boundary Change from RA to VC; Applicant: Ronald Sorel, Location: 94-102 Hartford Road, Approximately 4 acres on the north side of Hartford Road.

There was no one present to represent the Applicant. Ms. Roberson gave an overview of the proposal:

- Aerial photos had been submitted and were included in packets to Commission Members.
- The Applicant is seeking a zone change for his own parcel (102 Hartford Road) as well as his neighbor's.
- On the edge of the Village Center Zone Boundary.
- The lots are in the RA Zone, but the driveway is in the VCZ (to the left of the Sorel's Garage driveway). The two parcels are to the rear and cannot be seen from the road.
- The Applicant would like to develop a portion of his lot (build another house). It was thought that the parcel was in the VCZ, but upon investigating, it was found that it is in the RA Zone.
- Because of the way the driveway is layed out and because it is a shared driveway, if Mr. Sorel's lot were changed, but not his neighbor's, the neighbor's lot would be a donut hole in the VCZ (only 1/2 acre in size). Ms. Roberson has not heard from the neighbor yet, but assumes that they are in agreement with the proposal.

#### **QUESTIONS FROM THE COMMISSION:**

A. Fitzgerald asked if it is the group home property. Ms. Roberson explained that it is not. The two parcels are 94 and 102 Hartford Road and the western-most entrance to Sorel's is their driveway. She will make the location clear for the public hearing.

Motion was made by C. Kelleher to schedule a public hearing on ZC 20-003 – A proposal to change the zoning designation for 94-102 Hartford Road (Assessor's Map 24, Lots 32-33) from RA to VC, for the regular meeting of the Planning and Zoning Commission to be held on November 17, 2020 at 6:30 p.m. via Webex meeting. Second by E. Starks. No discussion. Roll Call Vote: E. Starks – yes; A. Fitzgerald – yes; C. Sczuroski - yes; C. Kelleher – yes; M. Sigfridson – yes. Motion carried unanimously (5-0-0).

#### b. Other New Business: None.

#### VIII. Reports of Officers and Committees:

a. Staff Reports

Margaret Washburn's Report was included in packets to Commission Members. There was no discussion. b. Budget Update

J. Roberson explained the newly-generated budget report. Ms. Roberson will learn how to generate the reports herself so that the reports to Commission Members will more accurately show the revenues/expenditures of the Commission.

- c. Correspondence.
   Connecticut Federation of Planning and Zoning Agencies newsletter (synopsis of local caselaw).
- d. Chairman's Report.
   M. Sigfridson commented on the upcoming forum (Zoom Conference) on Economic, Environmental and Racial Despairities In Land Use to be held on October 29<sup>th</sup> which she and Ms. Roberson are registered to attend. There was discussion.

#### IX. Public Commentary

There was discussion regarding the Saveway gas station/car wash.

#### X. Adjourn

Motion was made by A. Fitzgerald to adjourn at 7:49 p.m. Second by E. Starks. Motion carried unanimously by voice vote (5-0-0).

Respectfully submitted,

J.S. Perreault Recording Secretary



#### PLANNING AND ZONING COMMISSION TOWN OF BROOKLYN CONECTICUT

Received Date \_\_\_\_

Application #SP\_<u>10-002</u> Check #<u>1387</u>

# **APPLICATION FOR SPECIAL PERMIT**

Name of Applicant VACITON BROOKLYN, LLC Phone 401-692-1459
Mailing Address 957 WASHINGTON ST. ATTLEBOND, MA-Phone_Phone_
02703
Name of Engineer/Surveyor KILLINGLY ENGINGERING ASSUCIATES
Address PO BOD 421 KILLINGLY CT 06241
Contact Person NORMOND THIBERULT, J.L. Phone 779-7299 Fax
Name of Attorney
Address
Phone Fax
Property location/address PROVIDENCE RUAD (RTE. 6)
Property location/address_ FRONT DENCE IZUAD CIERE Les
Map# 41 Lot#13A\$14 Zone PC Total Acres 10.526
Sewage Disposal: Private Public 🔀 Existing 🥍 Proposed
Water: Private Public_X Existing_X Proposed
Proposed Activity CONSTRUCTION OF (2) 16' WINE ACCESS DRIVES
TO ACCESS PROPOSED NEW VEHICLE STORAGE WITS.
TO ACCESS PROPOSED NEW VERTICES DIGLAGE CITS.
Compliance with Article 4, Site Plan Requirements
Is parcel located within 500 feet of an adjoining Town?NO

The following shall accompany the application when required:

Fee S	; 400	State Fee (\$60.00)	60	3 copies of plans	Sanitary Report
4.5.5	Application/	Report of Decision fro	m the Inlan	d Wetlands Commission	
4.5.5	Applications	filed with other Agen	cies		
12.1	Erosion and Se	ediment Control Plan	S		

The owner and applicant hereby grant the Brooklyn Planning and Zoning Commission, the Board of Selectman, Authorized Agents of the Planning and Zoning Commission or Board of Selectman, permission to enter the property to which the application is requested for the purpose of inspection and enforcement of the Zoning regulations and the Subdivision regulations of the Town of Brooklyn

\_\_\_\_\_Date\_\_7/28/20 \_\_\_\_\_Date\_\_7/28/20 Applicant: \_\_\_ Owner:

\*Note: All consulting fees shall be paid by the applicant

# RECEIVED

JUL 2 8 2020

#### PLANNING AND ZONING COMMISSION **TOWN OF BROOKLYN** CONECTICUT

Received Date \_\_\_\_\_ Action Date\_\_\_\_\_

Application #SPR\_SP20-002 Check#\_1387\_

# **APPLICATION FOR SITE PLAN REVIEW**

Name of Applicant Mailing Address <u>957</u>	MASHINGTON ST, ATTLEBORD, M	Phone_ <u>401-692-1459</u> (APhone
Name of Owner	SAME	
	JAME	
Mailing Address		Phone
Name of Engineer/Surv Address <u>Po Box</u> Contact Person <u>Norm</u>	121 KILLINGLY ENINEERING AS 121 KILLINGLY CT 662 AND THIBGRUIT, JA. Phone 779-7.	299 Fax
Map # 41 Lot # 13	ress PRUVINENCE RUAD (RTE pt Zone PC Total Acres 10,524 \$14 LONS PRUCTUD OF (2) 16 WIN RUPOSED NEW VEHICLE STOR	2
Proposed Activity	LONSPRUCTION OF (2) 16 WID	E ACCESS ORNES
TU ACCESS P	KUPOSED NEW VEHICLE STOR	AGE LOTS
Change of Use: Yes Area of Proposed Struc	_ No 🖌 If Yes, Previous Use ture(s) or Expansion Z, L9 A C	
Utilities - Septic: C Water: Pr	Dn Site Municipal Existing > rivate Public Existing	Proposed Proposed
Compliance with Articl	le 4, Site Plan Requirements	
The following shall acco	ompany the application when required:	
	ompany me application when required.	
	ent Control Plans	
Variances obtained		Date
Selectman, Authorized to enter the property to	ant hereby grant the Brooklyn Planning and Agents of the Planning and Zoning Commis o which the application is requested for the ning regulations and the Subdivision regulati	sion or Board of Selectman, permission purpose of inspection and
Applicant:	2	Date 7/28/20
Owner:	2	Date $7/28/20$ Date $7/28/20$

\*Note: Any consulting fees will be paid by the applicant

# LIST OF AJACENT LAND OWNERS INCLUDING ACROSS THE STREET as of 7/28/2020 GIS

# Vachon Brooklyn, LLC Vachon Chevrolet Providence Road (Route 6) Brooklyn, CT

Job No. 19129

MAP//LOT	NAME
41//13	ALDIN ASSOCIATES LIMITED PARTNERSHIP 77 STERLING ROAD EAST HARTFORD, CT 06108
41//12	JEWETT CITY SAVINGS BANK PO BOX 335 JEWETT CITY, CT 06351-0335
41//10A	CONNECTICUT LIGHT & POWER CO PO BOX 270 HARTFORD, CT 06141-2335
42//22-106	MORGAN THE PATRICIA A REVOCABLE TRUST 49 WESTVIEW DR BROOKLYN, CT 06234
42//22	MARQUIS GARY W & MICHELLE D 43 WESTVIEW DR BROOKLYN, CT 06234
41//15	KCTT PROPERTIES LLC C/O KENNETH CARDINAL 520 PROVIDENCE RD BROOKLYN, CT 06234
41//108	CASEY BRIAN & ETHIER EILEEN 9 ALLEN HILL RD BROOKLYN, CT 06234-0156
41//109	CASEY BRIAN M 9 ALLEN HILL RD BROOKLYN, CT 06234-0156



# Joseph R. Theroux

~ Certified Forester/ Soil Scientist ~ Phone 860-428-7992~ Fax 860-376-6842 P.O. Box 32, Voluntown, CT. 06384 Forestry Services ~ Wetland Impact Assessments Wetland Delineations and Permitting ~ E&S/Site Monitoring Wetland Function & Value Assessments

3/5/20

Killingly Engineering Associates P.O. Box 421 Dayville, CT. 06241

Re: Wetland function/value and impact assessment report for proposed parking expansion for Vachon Chevrolet, Providence Road, Brooklyn, Connecticut.

#### Dear Mr. Glaude,

At your request, I have reviewed the site plans entitled: "PROPOSED PARKING EXPANSION, "VACHON CHEVROLET" PROVIDENCE ROAD (ROUTE 6) BROOKLYN CONNECTICUT, dated 1/7/2020 and the above referenced property for the purposes of assessing the wetland functions and values and potential impacts to the inland wetlands and watercourses in proximity to the proposed parking area expansion.

The wetland function and value assessment was conducted on 2/26/20.

#### **Existing Conditions**

The property composed by two separate lots is 10.52 acres in size and is located on the north side of Providence Road, (Route 6), in Brooklyn, CT.

The southeast portion of the site is occupied by the car dealership with both paved and gravel parking areas. The remaining portion of the property is occupied by a large palustrine forested/scrub-shrub wetland & watercourse complex and adjacent forested uplands.

#### **Upland Review Areas**

The 125 foot upland review area around the delineated forested/scrub-shrub wetland/watercourse is vegetated in the overstory with a mix of white pine and mixed hardwoods in the sawtimber and polewood size classes. The mixed hardwoods include white and scarlet oaks, and red maple.

The understory is comprised of polewood and saplings in these species as well as shrub species such as highbush blueberry. Herbaceous vegetation includes hay scented ferns and miscellaneous grasses.

# <u>Wetlands</u>

A palustrine forested/scrub-shrub wetland/watercourse was delineated in the central portion of the property. (See wetland delineation report). The wetland was inundated on the date of the delineation, (11/14/19) and the assessment, (2/26/20).

This area has formed due to the presence of a perched or seasonal ground water table that provides the hydrology to allow it to remain inundated throughout the year.

The wetland/watercourse is vegetated around its perimeter with scarlet oaks, white pine and red maple in the sawtimber size classes.

The majority of this wetland/watercourse is densely vegetated with red maple saplings and typical wetland shrub species such as highbush blueberry, speckled alder, sweet pepperbush, winterberry and spicebush.

Herbaceous vegetation included sphagnum moss, sensitive & cinnamon ferns, sedges, rushes, skunk cabbage, tussock sedges and misc. grasses. Floating duckweed was also noted in one area.

Wildlife tracks/sign found and directly observed in and adjacent to the wetland/watercourse included mammals and bird species such as: white tailed deer, eastern coyote, red tailed fox, raccoon gray & red squirrels, red tailed hawk, American crow, red wing blackbird, and numerous songbird species.

Due to the time of year, no amphibians or reptiles were observed although undoubtedly the main wetland/watercourse serves as habitat for numerous species.

A small depressed area containing wetland soils was also delineated in the northeast portion of the property, (delineated by the "C" series flags). This area was most likely a historic excavation, in which these wetland soils have formed due to prolonged wetness.

The perimeter of this area is vegetated in the overstory with red maple sawtimber and polewood, and the understory is comprised of shrubs such as highbush blueberry, and speckled alder. Herbaceous vegetation included sensitive and cinnamon ferns. Sedges were found within the inundated portion of the wetland.

It is my opinion that this small wetland may possibly serve as vernal habitat, although no wood frogs, salamanders or egg masses were found on the date of the assessment, (2/25/20).

# Wetland Functions and Values

The forested/scrub-shrub wetland/watercourse, and the small wetland were inspected to determine wetland functions and values utilizing the Army Corps. Of Engineers methodology as outlined in "The Highway Methodology Workbook Supplement".

This methodology recognizes 8 separate wetland functions: groundwater recharge/discharge, floodflow alteration/storage, fish/shellfish habitat, sediment/toxicant/pathogen retention, nutrient removal/retention/transformation, production export, sediment/shoreline stabilization and wildlife habitat. The 4 wetland values include: recreational value, educational/scientific value, uniqueness/heritage value and threatened/endangered species habitat.

For each wetland function or value to be determined, 2 to 31 different considerations/or qualifiers are considered as rationale to apply or eliminate that specific function or value.

# Palustrine forested/scrub-shrub wetland/watercourse functions:

The following is a list of the wetland functions exhibited by this wetland/watercourse and their descriptions:

**Floodflow alteration:** the large wetland/watercourse exhibits flood storage potential due to the flat topography, and valuable properties, structures and resources are located adjacent to the wetland.

**Ground water recharge and discharge:** Ground water recharge function is possible due to the perched water table being trapped and slowly infiltrating during dry season. This is a primary function of this wetland.

**Sediment/toxicant retention:** herbaceous vegetation, shrubs and flat topography in the wetlands can effectively trap sediments/toxicants from surface flows from the adjacent topography and gravel parking areas.

**Nutrient removal/retention:** herbaceous and shrub vegetation in the wetlands can effectively trap and utilize potential nutrients before reaching watercourses. Nitrogen fixing bacteria in wetland soils also trap nitrogen. Although with no current sources of nutrients present, this wetland has little opportunity to provide this function.

**Production export:** numerous tree, shrub and herbaceous plant species in the wetlands provide food, berries and seeds for wildlife. Amphibians provide food for birds and mammals.

**Sediment and shoreline stabilization:** Roots from herbaceous grasses and plants, shrub species and trees found in wetlands bind and stabilize soils which helps prevent erosion along steeper edges of wetlands. Although with no significant currents or shoreline waves, this wetland/watercourse has little opportunity to provide this function.

**Wildlife habitat:** Numerous amphibians, reptile, mammal, and bird species inhabit this wetland. The wetland and upland riparian zones adjacent to the wetland serve as wildlife habitat is another primary function of this wetland.

This wetland did not exhibit the wetland functions of fish habitat due to the lack of significant deep water habitat areas capable of sustaining fish.

# Palustrine forested Scrub-shrub Wetland/Watercourse Values

The following wetland values were exhibited by this wetland/watercourse:

**Educational/scientific value:** this wetland/watercourse is relatively undisturbed, contains multiple wetland classes, and is considered as valuable wildlife habitat, although with no public access on this property, this wetland has little opportunity to provide this value.

**Uniqueness/heritage value:** this wetland/watercourse serves an important role in the ecological system of the area, it is a typical wetland class for the area, and serves as valuable wildlife habitat.

**Visual/aesthetic value:** the wetland/watercourse is visible from multiple viewing locations, it contains a diversity of vegetation that turns vibrant colors during different seasons, it is considered valuable wildlife habitat, and is not significantly disturbed.

This wetland/watercourse did not exhibit the value of threatened/endangered species habitat as the site was not shown within the shaded areas on the current natural diversity database maps.

# "C Series" Wetland Functions:

The following is a list of the wetland functions exhibited by this wetland and their descriptions:

**Ground water recharge and discharge:** Ground water recharge function is possible due to the perched water table being trapped and slowly infiltrating during dry season. This is a primary function of this wetland.

**Wildlife habitat:** It is possible that amphibians, reptile, mammal, and bird species inhabit this wetland. The wetland and upland riparian zones adjacent to the wetland serve as wildlife habitat.

This wetland did not exhibit the wetland functions of floodflow alteration, sediment/toxicant retention, nutrient removal/retention, production export, sediment & shoreline stabilization and fish habitat due to the lack of floodwater storage capacity, its small area, lack of dense vegetation, lack of significant deep water habitat areas capable of sustaining fish, and it is not associated with stream flows or a large body of water.

# "C Series" Wetland Values

The following wetland values were exhibited by this wetland:

**Educational/scientific value:** this wetland is relatively undisturbed, and is considered as wildlife habitat, although with no public access on this property, this wetland has little opportunity to provide this value.

**Uniqueness/heritage value:** this wetland serves an important role in the ecological system of the area, it is a typical wetland class for the area, and serves as wildlife habitat.

This wetland did not exhibit the visual/aesthetic value as it is not visible to the public, and does not contain vegetation that turn vibrant colors. It does not exhibit the value of threatened/endangered species habitat as the site was not shown within the shaded areas on the current natural diversity database maps.

# Potential wetland impacts

The project plans and site were reviewed to assess the potential impacts to the wetlands from the proposed parking area expansion.

On the two parcels, an expansion of the existing parking areas is proposed, one area in the northern portion of both of the lots, and one in the southern portion of lot 13A.

#### Northern parking area:

In order to access the uplands in the northern portion of the parcels, a 1,860 square foot direct wetland disturbance is proposed for the 12 foot wide paved access drive. This will consist of excavation and installation of two 30 inch diameter class IV concrete pipes which will be filled along the bottom with native soil material.

Within the majority of the 125 foot upland review area and remaining uplands, the 12 foot wide access drive and a 340 foot long by 60 foot wide paved parking area is proposed with a storm water treatment basin located to the south of the parking area. In the bottom of the storm water basin, a 2,850 square foot wetland mitigation is also proposed. This area is designed to have a wet bottom which will fluctuate with the existing water table and will be seeded in with New England Wetmix.

The clearing limits and E&S measures shown on the plans vary from approx. 40 feet in width to immediately adjacent to the wetlands.

The topsoil stockpile is shown a reasonable distance from the wetlands and silt fencing is shown along the southern side.

#### Southern parking area:

In order to access the proposed 112 foot long by 44 foot wide paved parking area, a 1,250 square foot direct wetland disturbance is proposed for the construction of the access road.

To the north of the paved parking area, a storm water treatment basin is shown, and in the bottom of the basin a 1,150 square foot wetland mitigation is proposed. This area is also designed to have a wet bottom which will fluctuate with the existing water table and will be seeded in with New England Wetmix.

Also shown on the project plans are proposed plantings of common spicebush and sweetgale shrubs along the northern edge of the storm water treatment basin, to help revegetate and stabilize the side slopes.

The clearing limits and E&S measures on the plans for the most part are depicted immediately adjacent to the wetlands.

No topsoil stockpile is shown for this small construction area so I would assume that the topsoil will be hauled off site, or stored elsewhere on site, preferably with silt fencing around the perimeter.

# **E&S Measures:**

The submitted project plans show the proposed E&S measures around the perimeter of the clearing limits adjacent to the wetlands as silt fencing and/or staked hay bales.

It would be my recommendation that the E&S measures be installed as soon as possible after the initial timber cutting and before the stumping and topsoil removal operation. It is during this phase where the most likely opportunity will occur for erosion and sedimentation. In some areas the slopes adjacent to the wetlands are steep, and the excavation, filling and grading are proposed directly adjacent to the wetlands.

Along the clearing limits adjacent to the wetlands, I would recommend either super silt fencing or silt fencing backed by staked hay bales should be proposed and implemented. This silt fencing will also prevent reptiles and amphibians from entering the excavation areas.

I would recommend that the storm water basins be constructed first before the remaining areas so they can serve as temporary sediment basins until the parking areas are constructed.

I would also recommend that E&S inspections be conducted on a frequent basis during the land clearing/stumping/topsoil stripping phases, and prior to significant storm events.

# **Direct wetland impacts:**

The combined direct wetland disturbance for both of the wetland crossings totals 3,110 square feet. In this area all the specifically listed wetland functions and values for each wetland will be negated.

It is my opinion however, that the proposed 4,000 square foot wetland mitigation will compensate for this loss.

# Potential short term impacts:

The potential short term impacts associated with the land clearing, stumping, top soil stripping and construction would be limited to potential sediment discharges during significant storm events.

Provided that the proposed/recommended E&S measures/inspections are correctly implemented and maintained throughout the project timeframe, the disturbance directly

adjacent to the wetlands will not significantly impact the wetlands or their existing functions due to erosion and sedimentation. Once the top soils are removed, the well-drained, sandy/gravelly soils will allow for good infiltration of storm water runoff until the construction is complete.

The quick and permanent establishment of vegetation in the disturbed areas is crucial to the prevention of erosion. To minimize the potential for these impacts, E&S control measures have been incorporated into the project plans on sheet 5 of 5.

# Potential long term impacts:

# Wetland hydrology

I see no direct or long term impacts to the wetland hydrology as a result of the proposed access roads, parking areas or storm water treatment basins. As the access drives and parking areas are paved, storm water runoff will be an input to the existing hydrology, through some minor overland flow, but mostly through the storm water basins, as ground water recharge or as direct discharge during significant storm events after treatment.

# Water quality:

Due to the incorporation of the paved parking surfaces, stone water quality trenches, storm water treatment basins, and some direct infiltration of storm water in the well-drained, sandy, gravelly soils, I see no significant or adverse impacts to the existing water quality of the wetlands from storm water discharges.

# Adjacent upland wildlife habitat

Potential long term impacts to the upland habitat from the project would include the loss of a significant portion of the URA serving as riparian zones and upland wildlife habitat adjacent to the wetlands. This intrusion will force wildlife into the narrow vegetated corridor in and around the wetlands during and after the construction timeframe, and into other areas where the uplands are not disturbed. However, because this vegetated wildlife corridor is not proposed to be totally cleared and still exists in minimal widths in some areas, the wetlands and adjacent riparian zone will still provide for some wetland function and wildlife habitat.

It is my opinion that the proposed 4,000 square foot wetland mitigation will help compensate for these impacts to the upland/riparian habitat.

In summary, the design of the project implements features intended to minimize or eliminate potential impacts to the wetlands such as storm water runoff, significant loss of wetland habitat, and erosion and sedimentation associated with construction activities.

I feel these proposed measures are adequate to protect the wetlands provided that the recommended erosion and sedimentation control features are implemented and maintained throughout the excavation and reclamation timeframe.

The construction of the proposed 4,000 square foot wetland mitigation will assist in the remaining wetlands ability to provide the same wetland functions and values they currently provide.

If you have any questions concerning the site assessment or this report, please feel free to contact me.

Sincerely,

M.C

Joseph R. Theroux Certified Forester and Soil Scientist Member SSSSNE, NSCSS, SSSA



ashford - bosokiya - carlochery - chezon - seattarz - hampiou - kiency - prantizid persted - potre n - scotlerd - storing - thormpson - crista - vekatlavn - vezadstack

March 23, 2020

Ms. Jana Roberson, AICP Director of Community Development / Town Planner Town of Brooklyn 5 Wolf Den Road P.O. Box 356 Brooklyn, CT 06234

SUBJECT: Proposed Parking Expansion Vachon Chevrolet Assessor's Map 41, Lot Nos. 13A & 14 Providence Road (Route 6) Brooklyn, Connecticut

Dear Ms. Roberson:

As you requested, I have reviewed the devloper's consulting engineer's plans for the above captioned project. A copy of my comments are enclosed pertaining to my review of the plans, consisting of five sheets, entitled "Proposed Parking Expansion, 'Vachon Chevrolet', Providence Road (Route 6), Brooklyn, Connecticut, Prepared for Vachon Brooklyn, LLC.," which were created by Killingly Engineering Associates, dated January 2020 with revision date of March 10, 2020.

If you should have any questions, please do not hesitate to email me at syl.pauley@neccog.com.

Sincerely, Syl Pauley, Jr., P.E. NECCOG Regional Érigineer

SP/S CC: File JRLtr\_ProposedParkingExpansionVachonChevrolet\_Xmit 03202020 Review Cmts.dor

# **NORTHEASTERN CONNECTICUT COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS**

ENGINEERING PLAN REVIEW PERTAINING TO PROPOSED PARKING EXPANSION VACHON CHEVROLET (ASSESSOR'S MAP 41, LOTS 13A & 14) PROVIDENCE ROAD (ROUTE 6) BROOKLYN, CT (March 20, 2020)

The comments contained herein pertain to my review of plans, consisting of five sheets, entitled "Proposed Parking Expansion, 'Vachon Chevrolet', Providence Road (Route 6), Brooklyn, Connecticut, Prepared for Vachon Brooklyn, LLC.," prepared by Killingly Engineering Associates, dated January 2020 with revision date of March 10, 2020.

#### SHEET 2 OF 5 – EXISTING CONDITIONS

1. The northing and eastling coordinates should be noted for CGS Random Points B9262 and B9264. It would also be helpful to include a large scale diagram as to where these points are relative to the project.

#### SHEET 3 OF 5 – SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN NO. 1

- A construction entrance symbol is drawn at the entrance to the new "paved vehicle storage area." However, a note should be included to indicate that this will be removed at the time the first course of paving is installed for the vehicle storage area. Additionally, it would be helpful for this explanation to be included in Note 17 under "Development Schedule/Sequence of Operations" that appears on Sheet 5 of 5 of the plan set.
- 2. The note "Silt Fence Backed with Staked Haybales or Wood Chip Berms" should read the same as the note on Sheet 4 of 5, "Provide Super Silt Fence, Silt Fence Backed with Staked Haybales, or Silt Fence Backed with Wood Chip Berms at Clearing Limits," for consistency.

# SHEET 4 OF 5 – SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN NO. 2

- 1. Proposed slopes in the detention basin range from 1:1 to 3:1. It is recommended that slope be uniform and that no slopes be steeper than 3:1 to reduce the tendency of soil erosion
- 2. Pedestal lighting, with dual light fixtures, is shown at three (3) locations in the middle of the proposed vehicle parking area. No description of the lighting assembly (pedestal height, pedestal base, full cutoff design, wattage, etc.) can be found in the plans under review. This is important since there is a house on adjacent Lot No. 22 that is not too distant from the north property line in the vicinity of the proposed construction on the Vachon property. It should also be noted that the

majority of the visual/sound barrier created by the existing mature forest in this area between the house and the proposed development is going to be removed, only to be replaced by young plantings that will take many years to reestablish the buffer. Therefore, has the impact of lighting and noise on the adjacent residence been evaluated to determine if there will be any significant impact to it?

- 3. How will snow removal be handled in this area so as not to impact the adjacent wetlands (salt or other ice removal chemicals) and proposed landscaping?
- 4. It is unclear on how the "island" in the middle of the proposed parking area is going to be constructed, i.e., raised island with landscaping; raised island paved with no landscaping; flush with whatever in between; etc.? Can this area be used as a rain garden to mitigate some of the runoff from the pavement?
- 5. Is there any consideration to provide some form of "tall" landscaping in the center island, considering how much impervious pavement is being proposed?
- 6. As an aid to construction, it would be helpful to include a cross-section profile from the detention basin outlet structure to just beyond the level spreader.

#### SHEET 5 OF 5 - DETAIL SHEET

- In the "Stormwater Basin Outlet Detail," a smooth outer wall PVC pipe may be less susceptible to upheaval or degradation (breakage) by icing conditions than a corrugated type of pipe. It is recommended that this be evaluated by the designer. Furthermore, over time, ultraviolet rays in sunlight degrades unprotected plastic pipe, which causes it to lose structural integrity and stability. Considering this, concrete may be a better choice.
- 2. In the "Stone Berm" detail, what specific type of filter fabric should be used to minimize sediment transport and at the same time allow the efficient transmission of water toward the outlet structure? This should be specified in the detail. Also, what are the conditions as to when the berm should be replaced to function as designed due to sediment build up?
- 3. It is recommended that the "Silt Fence Backed with Haybales" detail title be modified to read "Super Silt Fence (Silt Fence Backed with Haybales or Wood Chip Berms)."
- 4. In the "Chain Link Fence Detail" the gauge of the fence fabric and size of the selvage should be specified and also what type of material it is manufactured from (galvanized steel, PVC coated steel, etc.). The same goes for the posts and hardware, too, and depth of bury/concrete anchorage for the posts.
- 5. In the "Stone Berm" detail, will CONNDOT crushed stone M.01.01 #3 remain stable at a 2:1 angle of repose?
- 6. In the "Slope Stabilization Detail" it is recommended that the slope be 3:1 or flatter, NOT 2:1 or steeper, as shown.
- 7. In the "Bituminous Lip Curb" detail it is recommended that the curb be formed on the binder course (locked in) for better stability/longevity, which should provide more resistance to deformation by snowplowing operations or other vehicle impacts.

Bν Syl Pauley, Jr., P.E., NECCOG Regional Engineer



www.killinglyengineering.com

March 30, 2020

Ms. Jana Roberson, AICP Director of Community Development/Town Planner Town of Brooklyn Department of Planning Clifford B. Green Memorial Center 69 South Main Street Brooklyn, CT 06234

#### RE: Proposed Parking Expansion Vachon Chevrolet

Dear Ms. Roberson;

In response to NECCOG review comment on the aforementioned project, we offer the following:

#### Sheet 2 of 5 - Existing Conditions

1. The CGS random points referenced on the survey plan were used to establish the horizontal location of the project and have no bearing on the design. These points are not located adjacent to the site and we do not see the need or purpose of providing coordinates or creating a large-scale diagram of their locations at the expense of our client. Additionally, the Town of Brooklyn's regulations do not require such information.

#### Sheet 3 of 5 - Site Development Plan No. 1

- 1. A note has been added to the plan to direct the contractor to remove the anti-tracking construction entrance prior to installing the first course of pavement. This has also been noted on sheet 5 of 5 in the development schedule/sequence of operations.
- 2. The note "silt fence backed with staked haybales or wood chip berms" has been modified to read the same on all sheets.

#### Sheet 4 of 5 - Site Development Plan No. 2

- 1. Slopes in the detention basin have been modified so that they do not exceed 2:1 (center berm only). We have also noted that jute netting shall be installed to stabilized the basin after topsoil and seed have been applied. The center berm is designed to extend detention time in the basin and we do not anticipate erosive conditions once stabilized.
- 2. A detail for the lighting fixture with the make and model number has been added to the plans. We have also enclosed a cut sheet for the lighting as well. The chosen fixtures will be mounted no higher than 12' and are dark sky compliant. In addition, the landscaping proposed between the parking and the residences to the north will provide a very good vegetated buffer; cut sheets for the chosen plantings is included with this submission. Currently, the existing pine trees do not provide any visual buffer. As with most larger pine trees, there are minimal branches at the bottoms of the trees up to 20' or more. With regard to noise, this area will be utilized to store inventory and will not be accessed by the general public unless accompanied by a sales representative.
- 3. Snow will be stockpiled at the top of the slope adjacent to the proposed stormwater basin. Sheet 5 of the plans specify that no salt or chemical applications for snow removal shall be used.

- 4. The island in the center of the site will be depressed. We will incorporate rain garden plantings into the island to promote stormwater treatment and infiltration.
- 5. As the center island will be utilized in the capacity of a rain garden, we do feel that taller vegetation would be appropriate.
- 6. A cross section of the basin outlet has been added to the plans as requested.

#### Sheet 5 of 5 - Detail Sheet

- The manufacturer of ADS N-12 HDPE pipe states a life expectancy of 100 years. For the upright outlet
  structure, the base will be embedded in concrete to anchor it in place to prevent upheaval and the depth of
  bury for the outlet pipe will for the most part be installed below frost level. We have utilized this design
  and application for dozens of projects throughout the years and we are not aware of any failures for this
  application. Additionally, the installation of the outlet pipe and structure in this location does not present
  any structural constraints (i.e. it is not an installation subject to traffic). It is our professional opinion that
  HDPE pipe is sufficient for this application.
- 2. For the stone berm, specifications for the filter fabric have been called out and conditions for maintenance are defined.
- 3. The silt fence detail has been modified to read "super silt fence" as requested.
- 4. The detail for the fence installation has been modified as requested. In addition, neighbors who attended the public hearing for wetlands requested an 8' fence in lieu of a 6' fence which has been accommodated.
- 5. In our experience, the 2:1 angle of repose for the DOT #3 stone is stable. Section 5-10-12 of the 2002 CT Guidelines for Soil and Erosion Control ("the 2002 Guidelines") specify slopes no steeper than 1:1 and heights no greater than 3'.
- 6. We have modified the slope stabilization detail to call for application on slopes 2:1 or flatter per 5-4-10 of the 2002 Guidelines.
- 7. Bituminous curb installation detail has been modified accordingly as requested.

We trust that the plans as modified address the March 23<sup>rd</sup> review comments. Please feel free to contact us if there are any further questions or concerns.

Sincerely: hibert. Notmand Thibeault, Jr., P.E

VIPER S
STRIKE
SMALL VIPER LUMINAIRE

#### SPECIFICATIONS

#### Intended Use:

The Beacon Viper luminaire is available with a wide choice of different LED Wattage configurations and optical distributions designed to replace HID lighting up to 400W MH or HPS.

Cat.#

Job

#### Construction:

- Manufactured with die cast aluminum.
- Coated with a polyester finish that meets ASTM B117 corrosion test requirements and ASTM D522 cracking and loss of adhesion test requirements.
- External hardware is corrosion resistant.
- One piece optical cartridge system consisting of an LED engine, LED lamps, optics, gasket and stainless steel bezel.
- · Cartridge is held together with internal brass standoffs soldered to the board so that it can be field replaced as a one piece optical system.
- Two-piece silicone and micro-cellular polyurethane foam gasket ensures a weather-proof seal around each individual LED.

#### Electrical:

- 100V through 277V, 50 Hz to 60 Hz (UNV), or 347V or 480V input.
- Power factor is ≥.90 at full load.
- · Dimming drivers are standard, but CD must be selected in options to obtain external wiring leads for dimming controls
- Component-to-component wiring within the luminaire may carry no more than 80% of rated load and is certified by UL for use at 600VAC at 90°C or higher.
- Plug disconnects are certified by UL for use at 600 VAC, 13A or higher, 13A rating applies to primary (AC) side only.
- Fixture electrical compartment shall contain all LED driver components
- Surge protection 20kA.
- Optional 7-pin ANSI C136.41-2013 twist-lock photo control receptacle available. Compatible with ANSI C136.41 external wireless control devices.
- Lifeshield™ Circuit protects luminaire from excessive temperature. The device shall activate at a specific, factory-preset temperature, and progressively reduce power over a finite temperature range. Operation shall be smooth and undetectable to the eve. Thermal circuit is designed to "fall on", allowing the luminaire to revert to full power in the event of an interruption of its power supply, or faulty wiring connection to the drivers. The device shall be able to co-exist with other 0-10V control devices (occupancy sensors, external dimmers, etc.).

#### Installation:

· Mounting options for horizontal arm, vertical tenon or traditional arm mounting available. Mounting hardware included.

Туре

#### Finish:

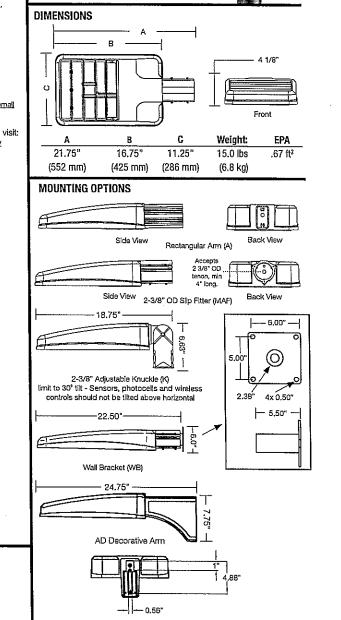
- · IFS polyester powder-coat electrostatically applied and thermccured. IFS finish consists of a five stage pretreatment regimen with a polymer primer sealer and top coated with a thermoset super TGIC polyester powder coat finish.
- The finish meets the AAMA 2604 performance specification which includes passing a 3000 hour salt spray test for corrosion resistance and resists cracking or loss of adhesion per ASTM D522 and resists surface impacts of up to 160 inch-pounds.

#### Certifications/Ratings:

- Certified to UL 1598, UL 8750 and CSA C22.2 No.250.0
- IDA approved
- This product is approved by the Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission. Separate spec available at: http://www.beaconproducts.com/products/vipersmall

#### Warranty:

Five year limited warranty for more information visit: www.hubbellighting.com/resources/warranty



BEACON

Territe Evenally

Approvals

**PRODUCT IMAGE(S)** 



\*3000K and wa

ner CCTs onh

**CERTIFICATIONS/LISTINGS** 

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HUBBELL HUBBELL Lighting

			IPLE: VP5/24L-45/AWI/		J		
VPS							
SERIES	LED ENGINE	CCT	ROTATION	VOLTAGE		COLOR	OPTIONS
/PS Viper	24L-45 45W, L array 36L-65 65W, L array 48L-85 80W, L array 60L-105 105W, array	ED ED LED FR Ty 3 Ty 4F (formerly 4) Ty 5QM Ty 5R Ty 5W Ty	rpe 1/Front Row rpe 2 rpe 3	UNV 120-277V 120 120V 208 208V 240 240V 277 277V 347 347V 480 480V	BLS BI DBT D DBS D GTT G LGS L PSS P WHT W WHS W VGT V COLOR	lack Matte Textured lack Gloss Smooth ark Bronze Matte Textured ark Bronze Gloss Smooth raphite Matte Textured ight Grey Gloss Smooth latinum Silver Smooth /hite Matte Textured /hite Gloss Smooth erde Green Textured OPTION ustom Color	CD Continuous Dimming F Fusing BSP Bird Spikes BC Backshield (available fo FR, 2, 3, 4, 4W Optics) TB Terminal Block
HO	USE SIDE SHIELD A	ACCESSORIES		MOUNTING		7PR 7-Pin Recepta or wireless co	acte only (shorting cap, photo cont ontrol provided by others)
HSS/VP	-S/90-FB/XXX 90°	shield front or back	A Rectangula	r Arm (formerly RA) fo	square	7PR-SC 7-Pin Recept	acle w/Shorting Cap
HSS/VP	-S/90-LR/XXX 90°	' shield left or right	or round po			7PR-TL 7-Pin Recept	acle w/Twist Lock photo control
HSS/VP- HSS/	S/270-FB/XXX 270 S/270-LR/XXX 270 VP-S/360/XXX Full with notation for desired fluis	shield	OD horizon <b>K</b> Knuckle (fo	rmerly PK2) limit to 45 horizontal arm or verti	i° tilt or		

#### ORDERING INFORMATION ORDERING EXAMPLE: VPS/24L-45/AM/4W/UNV/A/DBT/BC

(Refer to page 5 for shield images)

#### MOUNTING ACCESSORIES

VPL-AD-RPA3 2.4"-4.1" Round Pole Adapter for AD arm VPL-AD-RPA4 4.2"-5.3" Round Pole Adapter for AD arm VPL-AD-RPA5 5.5"-5.9" Round Pole Adapter for AD arm VPL-AD-RPA6 6.0"-6.5" Round Pole Adapter for AD arm

1 Only available with 1A, 2, 3, 4, 4W and 5R distributions

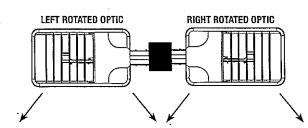
- WB Wall Bracket
- AD Universal Arm for square pole
- AD3 Universal Arm for 2.4"-4.1" round pole
- AD4 Universal Arm for 4.2" -5.3" round pole
- AD5 Universal Arm for 5.5" -5.9" round pole
- AD6 Universal Arm for 6.0"-6.5" round pole

PRECOMMISSIONED SITESYNC ORDERING INFORMATION: When ordering a fixture with the SiteSync lighting control option, additional information will be required to complete the order. The SiteSync Commissioning Form or alternate schedule information must be completed. This form includes Project location, Group information, and Operating schedules. For more detailed information please visit <u>www.hubbell-automation.com/incoducts/sitesync/</u> or contact Hubbell Lighting tech support at 664-678-1000.

SiteSync fixtures with Motion control (SWPM) require the mounting height of the fixture for selection of the lens.

Examples: VPS/24L-55/4K7/3/UNV/A/DBT/SWP/ VPS/24L-55/4K7/3/UNV/A/DBT/SWPM-40F/

SiteSync only SiteSync with Motion Control





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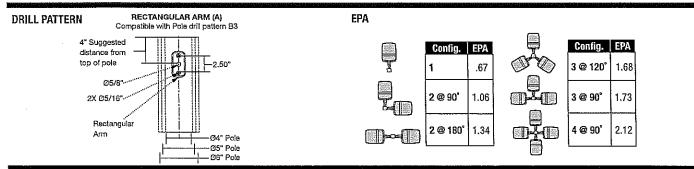
PERFORMAN	ce data		ami	AMB ber 590nn	n (stri	1	
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		3	1171	26	- 0	Ő	1
		4	1152	26	Ū.	0	0
24	45W	4W	1127	25	Õ	0	1
		5QM	1173	26	1	0	Ō
		5R	1181	26	1	0	1
		5W	1260	28	1	0	0
		TC	1204	27	0	0	0
		FR	1857	29	0	0	0
		2	1791	28	0	0	0
		3	1757	27	0	0	1
36	65W	4	1728	27	0	0	1
30	03W	4W	1690	26	0	0	1
1		5QM	1759	27	1	0	0
		5R	1771	27	1	0	1
		5W	1726	27	1	0	0
		FR	2476	29	0	0	D
		2	2389	28	1	0	1
		3	2343	28	0	0	1
		4	2304	27	0	0	1
48	85W	4W	2254	27	0	0	1
		5QM	2346	28	1	0	0
1		5R	2362	28	1	Û	1
	ł	5W	2301	27	2	0	1
		TC	2408	28	0	0	0
		FR	3095	29	1	0	0
		2	2986	28	1	0	1
		3	2927	27	1	0	2
		4	2880	27	0	0	1
60	105W	4W	2817	26	0	0	1
		5QM	2933	27	1	0	0
		5R	2953	28	2	0	2
		5W	2879	27	2	0	1
		TC	3011	28	0	0	1

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# LED'S	WATTS	TYPE	LUMENS	LPW <sup>1</sup>	В	U	G
		FR-BC	1064	24	0	0	0
		2-BC	880	20	0	0	0
24	45W	3-BC	802	18	0	0	0
		4-BC	887	20	0	0	0
		4W-BC	2014	45	0	0	1
	<u> </u>	TC-BC	930	21	0	0	0
	-	FR-BC	1596	25	0	0	0
		2-BC	1320	20	0	0	0
36	65W	3-BC	1202	18	0	0	0
00	0011	4-BC	1330	20	0	0	0
		4W-BC	2014	31	0	0	1
		TC-BC	1396	21	0	0	0
		FR-BC	2128	25	0	0	0
		2-BC	1761	21	0	0	0
		3-BC	1603	19	0	0	1
48	85W	4-BC	1774	21	0	0	1
		4W-BC	1450	17	0	0	0
		TC-BC	1861	22	0	0	0
		5R	2362	28	1	0	1
•		FR-BC	2661	25	0	0	0
		2-BC	2201	21	0	0	0
		3-BC	2004	19	0	0	1
60	105W	4-BC	2217	21	0	0	1
		4W-BC	1813	17	0	0	1
		TC-BC	2326	22	0	0	0
		5R	2953	28	2	0	2



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HUBBELL Lighting

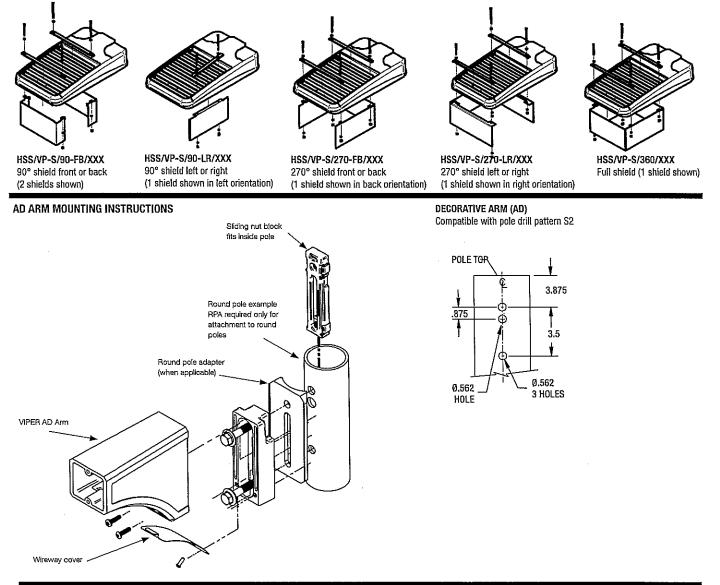


#### **TENON TOP POLE BRACKET ACCESSORIES (Order Separately)**

(2	3 <b>/8</b> "	OD	tenon)
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Catalog Number	Description
SETAVP-XX	Square tenon adapter (4 at 90°) for A - Rectangular Arm mounting option only
RETAVP-XX	Round tenon adapter (4 at 90°) for A - Rectangular Arm mounting option only
TETAVP-XX	Hexagonal tenon adapter (4 at 90°) for A - Rectangular Arm mounting option only
SETA2XX	Square tenon adapter (4 at 90°) for AD - Universal Arm mounting option only
RETA2XX	Round tenon adapter (4 at 90°) for AD3 - Universal Arm mounting option only
TETA2XX	Hexagonal tenon adapter (3 at 120°) for AD - Universal Arm mounting option only

#### HOUSE SIDE SHIELD FIELD INSTALL ACCESSORIES

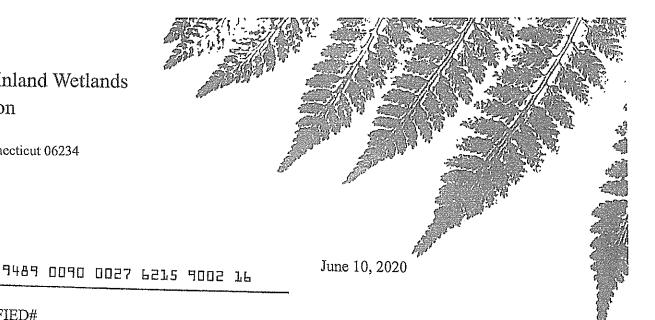




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Brooklyn Inland Wetlands Commission P.O. Box 356 Brooklyn, Connecticut 06234



CERTIFIED#

Vachon Brooklyn, LLC 957 Washington Street Attleboro, MA 02703

RE: Notice of Decision - 021120B Vachon Brooklyn, LLC, 512 Providence Road, Map 41, Lot 13A/14, PC Zone; Construction of (2) 16 ft. wide access driveways to access proposed new vehicle storage lots. Drive to the larger of the two proposed marking areas will be in an area historically used for an agricultural crossing.

Dear Vachon Brooklyn, LLC:

At the June 9, 2020 Inland Wetlands and Watercourses Commission meeting application 021120B Vachon Brooklyn, LLC, 512 Providence Road, Map 41, Lot 13A/14, PC Zone; Construction of (2) 16 ft. wide access driveways to access proposed new vehicle storage lots. Drive to the larger of the two proposed marking areas will be in an area historically used for an agricultural crossing was approved with the following conditions:

1. The detention basins shall be constructed, stabilized, and seeded before the parking lots are constructed.

2. Install the sediment/erosion controls as shown on the approved plans and call the Wetlands Officer at 860-779-3411, extension 31, for an inspection prior to starting any earth disturbance activities. Written approval of the sediment/erosion controls must be given by the Wetlands Enforcement Officer prior to starting any earth disturbance activities.

3. Only new vehicles stored in back lot, no used vehicles or employee parking.

4. Contractor to eradicate invasive species during construction.

5. Standard Conditions.

A legal notice of this approval will be published in the Villager Newspaper on Friday June 19, 2020. Please note that this action of the Brooklyn Inland Wetlands and Watercourses Commission may be appealed for fifteen-day period following the publication of the legal notice.

If you have any questions, please call Margaret Washburn at 860-779-3411 Extension 31.

Signed,

MargaretWashburn

Margaret Washburn Wetlands Agent

MW/acl CC: File, Killingly Engineering

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# BROOKLYN INLAND WETLANDS AND WATERCOURSES COMMISSION STANDARD CONDITIONS FOR IWWC PERMITS 12/13/16

# APPLICANT: READ CAREFULLY

<u>IWWC Permit Document</u>. A copy of the IWWC approval motion and the conditions stated herein shall constitute the IWWC permit for the approved activity when the permit document is signed and dated by the IWWC Agent.

<u>Notice of Start and Finish</u>. Permittee shall notify the IWWC agent at least 48 hours before the approved activity commences and within 72 hours after completion of the activity.

<u>Permit Duration.</u> This permit is valid for a period in accordance with Section 11.6 of the Brooklyn Inland Wetlands and Watercourses Regulations and the Connecticut General Statutes. Any request to renew or extend the expiration date of a permit can be granted only as authorized by the IWWC Regulations. Expired permits may not be renewed.

<u>Erosion and Sedimentation Controls</u>. Permittee is responsible for implementing the approved erosion and sediment control plan. This responsibility includes the installation and maintenance of control measures, informing all parties engaged on the construction site of the requirements and objectives of the plan. The permittee shall inspect the erosion controls weekly and after rains and repair deficiencies within twenty-four hours. The IWWC and its staff may require additional erosion if needed to prevent erosion and sedimentation. Restabilization of the site shall take place as soon as possible.

<u>Stockpile locations</u>. During construction, piles of fill, erodible material and debris shall not be created within regulated areas. The locations of debris and other stockpiled materials shall be shown on the submitted plans. Any material excavated at the site shall be disposed of at upland or off-site locations reviewed and approved by staff.

Permit Transfer. The permittee shall not transfer this permit without the written permission of the IWWC.

<u>Work in Watercourse to Occur During Low Flow</u>. Work within a watercourse is limited to periods of low flow. Low flow periods normally occur between August and October. Upon request of permittee, wetlands staff can determine if the activity can occur at other times following an on-site field investigation.

<u>Scope of Permit.</u> This permit is for the approved activity ONLY. Additional activity may require an additional permit. Note that if an approval or permit is granted by another agency and

(1) the approved activity will affect wetlands and/or watercourses; and/or

(2) the activity occurs within 125 feet of flagged boundaries and 175 feet from watercourses; and such activities have not been addressed by this permit, then the applicant shall resubmit the application for further consideration by the Inland Wetlands and Watercourses Commission before any work begins.

Ongoing Compliance with Permit. The permittee shall comply at all times with the permit.

<u>Other Approvals May be Required.</u> Other permits may be required from Town, state or federal agencies. An Army Corps of Engineers permit may be required: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, 424 Trapelo Rd., Waltham, MA 02254 1-800-362-4367.

#### Jana Roberson

From: Sent: To: Cc: Subject: Attachments: Greg Glaude <gglaude@killinglyea.com> Tuesday, September 22, 2020 1:57 PM Jana Roberson Normand Thibeault Vachon Chevrolet Vachon PH sign.jpg

Hi Jana,

Hope you are doing well. Attached is the PH sign for Vachon.

# Greg A. Glaude, L.S.

Killingly Engineering Associates

www.killinglyengineering.com Mailing address: P.O. Box 421 Killingly, CT 06241

Office address: 114 Westcott Road Killingly, CT 06239 Phone: 860-779-7299 Cell: 860-617-9998 email: gglaude@killinglyea.com



# **DRAINAGE REPORT**

Prepared for

# VACHON BROOKLYN, LLC PROVIDENCE ROAD (ROUTE 6) BROOKLYN, CT

March 2020 Revised to October 2020

Prepared for

Proposed Parking Expansion

Prepared by

Killingly Engineering Associates Civil Engineering & Surveying

> Normand Thibeault Jr., P.E. CT License #22834

#### Introduction

Plainfield Garages & Storage, LLC has submitted a proposal to the Town of Brooklyn to construct two paved vehicle parking areas for Vachon Chevrolet with access from Providence Road (Route 6) in Brooklyn. The site has been utilized for numerous automobile sales facilities for many years and currently has a small show room for up to 4 vehicle and outdoor display area for over 100 vehicles. The new proposed parking will be utilized to provide more vehicle inventory on site and will not be typical "display" as the public will have to be escorted to these areas by sales associates. No customer access will be permitted by vehicle.

#### Summary

According to the USDA-SCS Soil Survey, the area of disturbance consists Merrimac fine sandy loams and Hinckley loamy sands. Previous excavation on the property appears to verify that these descriptions are accurate. These soils are associated with hydrologic soil group A and are considered excessively drained. All of the stormwater from the developed and undeveloped areas of the site sheet flow to a centrally located wetlands system that is substantially flat. The proposed drainage design will maintain the existing drainage patterns for post development condition.

The existing paved vehicle display area will remain and a small paved area will be constructed on the south side of the wetlands system. Drainage from this area will sheet flow to a water quality basin before discharging to the wetlands; this basin is not designed to provide detention. The larger proposed vehicle display area is proposed to be constructed on the north side of the wetlands and a large stormwater basin is proposed to be constructed. This will be a vegetated wet basin with a bermed center to allow for longer retention time in the basin and water quality treatment. Discharge from the basin is minimized by installation of a tiered outlet structure and weir overflow that will ultimately drain to the existing wetland if it is ever required.

The calculations utilized HydroCAD® Stormwater Modeling System, a computer model, to analyze pre-and post-development drainage conditions, and to aid in the design of the stormwater detention system. The model used the Soil Conservation Service TR-20 method with a Type III 24-hour rainfall to calculate the runoff. The 2 through 100-year frequency storms were analyzed to evaluate peak runoff for pre-and post-construction conditions to an existing isolated wetland pocket, sheet flow off site, and to the central wetland. Table 1 summarizes our findings for pre and post construction flows to the isolated wetland pocket:

Design Storm	Depth (in)	Existing peak	Proposed peak	Difference
2-Year	3.36	0.00 CFS	0.00 CFS	0.00 CFS
5-Year	4.28	0.00 CFS	0.00 CFS	0.00 CFS
10-Year	5.08	0.00 CFS	0.00 CFS	0.00 CFS
25-Year	6.08	0.01 CFS	0.01 CFS	0.00 CFS
50-Year	6.86	0.02 CFS	0.02 CFS	0.00 CFS
100-Year	7.69	0.05 CFS	0.04 CFS	-0.01 CFS

Table 1. Existing & Proposed Peak Flows to Wetland Pocket

This wetland pocket is the result of historical excavation into the water table and the drainage areas to that pocket is limited. All or most of the rainfall for all design storms infiltrates into the excessively drained soils around the perimeter of the excavation. The water level in this area fluctuates seasonally with the groundwater table.

Drainage from the existing paved parking area will not be altered and will continue to flow off site as it does presently (drainage area 4S). Pre and post construction drainage are identical for sheet flow off site to the east.

The large centrally positioned wetland system that extends off site to both the east and west provides natural attenuation. It appears that the relatively flat nature of the wetlands and surrounding terrain on the parcel and abutting properties results in more of a leveling effect than runoff. The smaller stormwater basin at on the south side of the wetlands is designed to provide the required water quality volume (WGV) for the paved surface that is proposed to be constructed. The larger basin on the northern side of the wetlands will serve to treat the required WQV as well as limit the rate of discharge to the wetlands. Table 2 shows the existing and proposed peak to the wetland system.

Design Storm	Depth (in)	Existing peak	Proposed peak	Difference
2-Year	3.36	6.61 CFS	6.61 CFS	0.00 CFS
5-Year	4.28	9.00 CFS	9.06 CFS	+0.06 CFS
10-Year	5.08	11.00 CFS	11.24 CFS	+0.24 CFS
25-Year	6.08	13.74 CFS	13.74 CFS	+0.00 CFS
50-Year	6.86	15.77 CFS	15.77 CFS	+0.00 CFS
100-Year	7.69	17.92 CFS	17.92 CFS	+0.00 CFS

Table 2. Summary of Drainage to Wetlands

These proposed peaks are the rates discharged to the wetlands system. Table 3 summarizes flows over the existing driveway crossing at the eastern end of the wetlands vs. flows through the pipes that will be installed at that point.

	tore 5, Summe	iry or Draimag	y of Dramage from Wetlands East		
Design Storm	Depth (in)	Existing peak	Proposed peak	Difference	
2-Year	3.36	0.00 CFS	0.00 CFS	0.00 CFS	
5-Year	4.28	0.00 CFS	0.05 CFS	+0.05 CFS	
10-Year	5.08	0.04 CFS	0.16 CFS	+0.12 CFS	
25-Year	6.08	0.25 CFS	0.36 CFS	+0.11 CFS	
50-Year	6.86	0.48 CFS	0.55 CFS	+0.07 CFS	
100-Year	7.69	0.81 CFS	0.78 CFS	+0.03 CFS	

Table 3. Summary of Drainage from Wetlands East

As the computations demonstrate, the increases in flow rates through the proposed pipes is negligible and as previously stated, it appears that the wetlands on the site and off the site fluctuate to retain a level surface throughout the entire system.

In addition to addressing pre and post construction peak runoff rates from the property to the wetlands and adjacent property, the design considers stormwater treatment and water quality for the project. The detention/water quality basin accounts for Water Quality Volume (WQV) in accordance with the parameters set forth in the 2004 CTDEEP Stormwater Quality Guidelines. Following are computations per provisions required by Section 7.H.4 of the Town of Brooklyn Zoning Regulations and Sections 7.4, 7.5 & 7.6 of the 2004 State of CT Stormwater Quality Manual for Pollutant Reduction.

#### Section 7.4.1 Water Quality Volume

#### Basin 1 (South)

WQV = (1") (R)(A)/12R= 0.05 + 0.009(I) I = % Impervious = 45.3% (Total Drainage Area) R = 0.05 + 0.009(45.3) = 0.4577 A = 13,500 s.f. = 0.31 acres WQV = (1") (0.4577) (.31)/12 = 0.0116 ac-ft

506 c.f.

Basin provides 2,230 c.f. to elevation 485.0

$$WQV = (1")(R)(A)/12$$

R = 0.05 + 0.009(I) I = % Impervious = 40.1% (Total Drainage Area)

R = 0.05 + 0.009(40.1) = 0.411

A = 105,609 s.f. = 2.42 acres

WQV = (1") (2.42) (.411)/12 = 0.083 ac-ft

3,671 c.f.

Basin provides 3,785 c.f. to elevation 485.0

#### Section 7.4.2 Water Quality Volume

This section is utilized for treatment mechanisms such as grass swales or proprietary treatment devices and not an appropriate for application this design.

#### Section 7.5.1 Groundwater Recharge Volume (GRV)

Intended to maintain pre-development and groundwater recharge volumes by capturing and infiltrating stormwater runoff.

GRV = (D)(A)(I) / 12

D = Depth of runoff to be recharged per table 7-4 of the CSQM based upon soil type
 A = Site Area in acres
 I = Percent Impervious (or net increase in impervious)

Parking Area 1 - South

D = 0.25 (Hydrologic Soil Group "B") A = 0.31 Acres I = 45.3% (0.0453)

 $GRV = 0.25 \times 0.31 \times 0.453 / 12 = 0.0351 \text{ ac-ft}$ = 1,530 c.f.

Assuming that the bottom 1' of the basin will remain "wet", the volume of the basin from elevations 484.0 to 485.0 is 1,560 cubic feet and will provide the opportunity infiltrate the required groundwater recharge volume.

#### Parking Area 2 - North

D = 0.40 (Hydrologic Soil Group "A") A = 1.16 Acres I = 50.5% (0.505) 0.4 x 1.16 x 0.505 / 12 = 0.2341 ac-ft= 110.207 c.f.

Assuming that the bottom 1' of the basin will remain "wet", the volume of the basin from elevations 485.0 to 489.0 is 23,697 cubic feet and will provide the opportunity infiltrate the required groundwater recharge volume. In addition, the center island in the parking area will be designed as a rain garden and assuming a storage depth of 0.5' it will provide an additional 1,625 cubic feet of storage capacity for infiltration.

#### Section 7.5.2 Runoff Capture Volume (RCV)

Not applicable for this application. This method is typically utilized to capture "clean" stormwater from surfaces such as rooftops and infiltrate it into the soil.

#### Section 7.6 Peak Flow Control

Design Storm	Depth (in)	Existing peak	Proposed peak	Difference
10-Year	5.08	11.00 CFS	11.24 CFS	+0.24 CFS
25-Year	6.08	13.74 CFS	13.74 CFS	+0.00 CFS
100-Year	7.69	17.92 CFS	17.92 CFS	+0.00 CFS

Summary of Peak Flow to Wetlands

As shown above and in table 2 previously in this report, the peak flows will be attenuated for all but the 10-year design storm. The increase is slightly over 2%; typically increases of 5% or less are within acceptable limits provided there are not critical downstream flooding issues. We are not aware of that condition in the area of this project.

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October 20, 2020

Ms. Jana Roberson, AICP Director of Community Development Town of Brooklyn 5 Wolf Den Road P.O. Box 356 Brooklyn, CT 06234

SUBJECT: Vachon Chevrolet Parking Expansion Stormwater Retention Basin Designs Providence Road(Route 6) Brooklyn, Connecticut

Dear Ms. Roberson:

I have reviewed Killingly Engineering Associates' (KEA) revised plans for this project, with latest revision date of October 7, 2020, consisting of five (5) sheets and the revised drainage report, with revision date of October 2020. You sent both items to me via email.

I have questions about the design of the two (2) proposed stormwater water quality basins, one ("north basin") that is designed to limit post-development stormwater runoff conditions to the pre-development condition and address water quality, and the other ("south basin") only addressing water quality volume. The "north basin," which is the larger of the two, is designed as a U-shaped <u>detention</u> basin incorporating an engineered outlet structure in the design to limit the discharge of the post-development runoff it receives to the wetland to no more than the pre-development condition. The calculations in the report show this has been met for the 2- thru 100-year design storms. The "south basin" is depicted on the plans as simply a <u>retention</u> type of water quality basin with an emergency overflow to allow discharge of water that exceeds its holding capacity – it is not an engineered best management practice like the "north basin." There are no readily identifiable calculations in the drainage report for the design of this basin.

KEA's original March 2020 drainage report contains calculations that demonstrate the Uconfigured "north basin" will function to release post-development stormwater runoff to the wetland at a rate no greater than or equal to the existing condition stormwater runoff for the 2thru 100-year design storms, via an engineered outlet structure. However, it does not appear that the calculations sizing this basin include captured water to be absorbed or infiltrated into the surrounding soil even though there is supposed to be a "Groundwater Recharge Volume" (GRV), as calculated in the report and detailed in the Connecticut Stormwater Quality Manual. The "south basin" is not designed in the same way as the "north basin" and, according to the

125 Putnam Pike, Dayville, CT 06241 p. 860-774-1253 fax 860-779-2056 web neccog.org

plan, is simply a manmade depression in the ground intended to hold a certain volume of stormwater runoff that will presumably infiltrate the water back into surrounding soil and if that rate of infiltration is exceeded, it will simply overflow the basin, unchecked, via an emergency spillway. However, there is a calculation in the report showing what amount of water is needed for meeting the specified GRV for this basin, but it is unclear how it is applied because there does not appear to be a specific calculation in the engineer's report addressing this basin and how its storage/release was determined.

The calculations presented in KEA's revised drainage reports rely, in part, upon soil maps found on the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service website for the location of particular soil type boundaries on the subject property. However, there are times when the NRCS maps are not as accurate as we would like them to be. Therefore, making calculations without verifying the soil types one is working in the field could result in constructing a basin that does not function as expected. Therefore, test pits and percolation tests performed in the field where the basins are to be located are needed to verify that the soil types indicated on the map and used in the report are actually found in the area of the proposed basins. Together, a qualified soil scientist and a professional engineer experienced in doing this type of investigation need to make this determination to ensure that the basins are designed as accurately as possible.

Without a more detailed examination of site specific soil properties, I do not consider the design of the stormwater basins to be satisfactory and I do not believe they meet the requirements of Brooklyn Zoning Regulation 7.H. Stormwater Management.

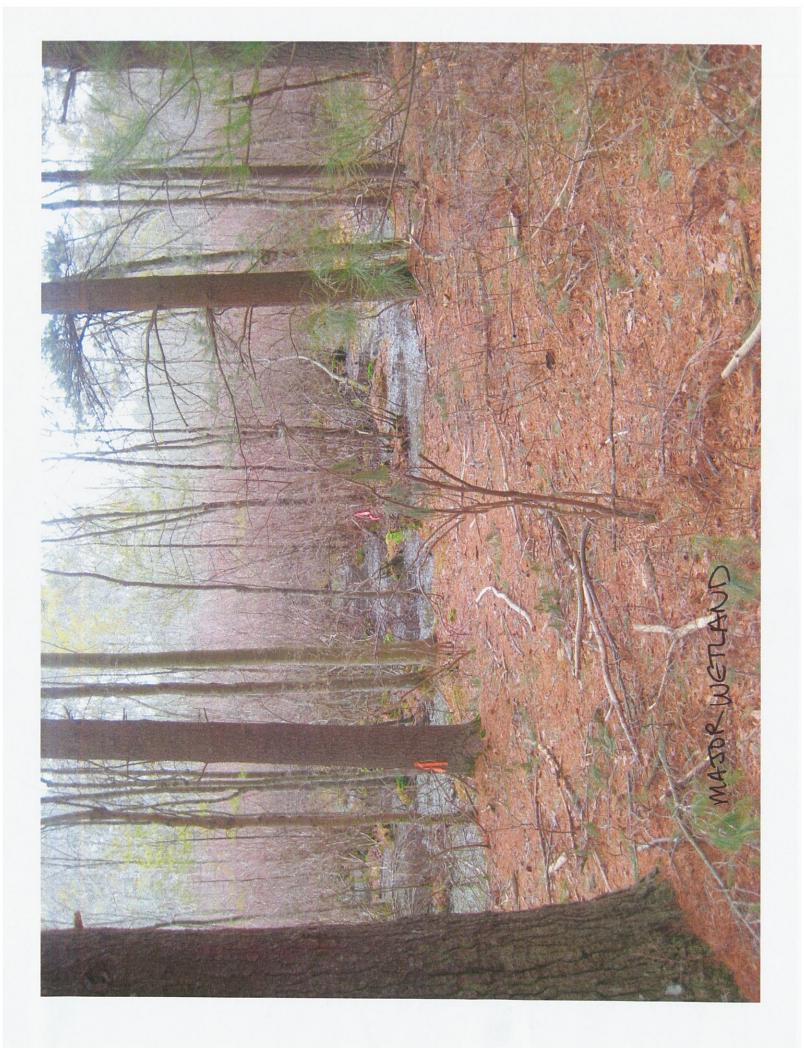
Please do not hesitate to contact me via email at <u>syl.pauley@neccog.com</u> with any questions or to discuss further.

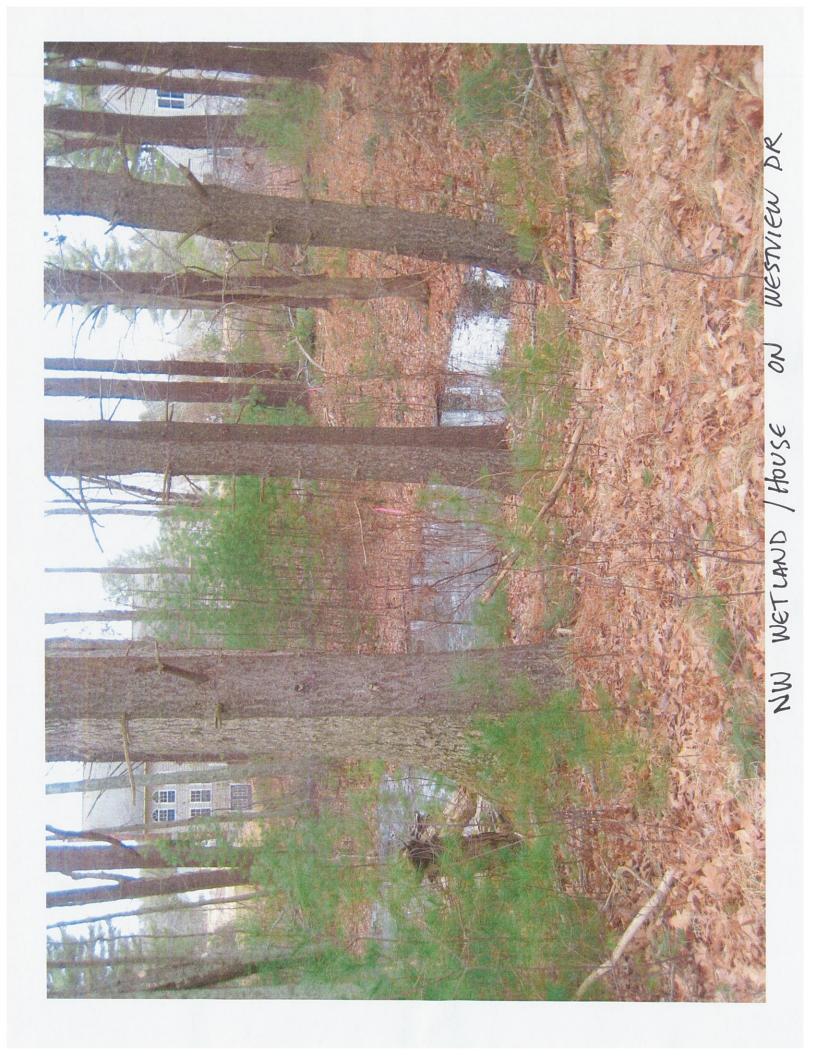
Sincerely,

Syl Pauley, Jr., P.E. NECCOG Regional Engineer

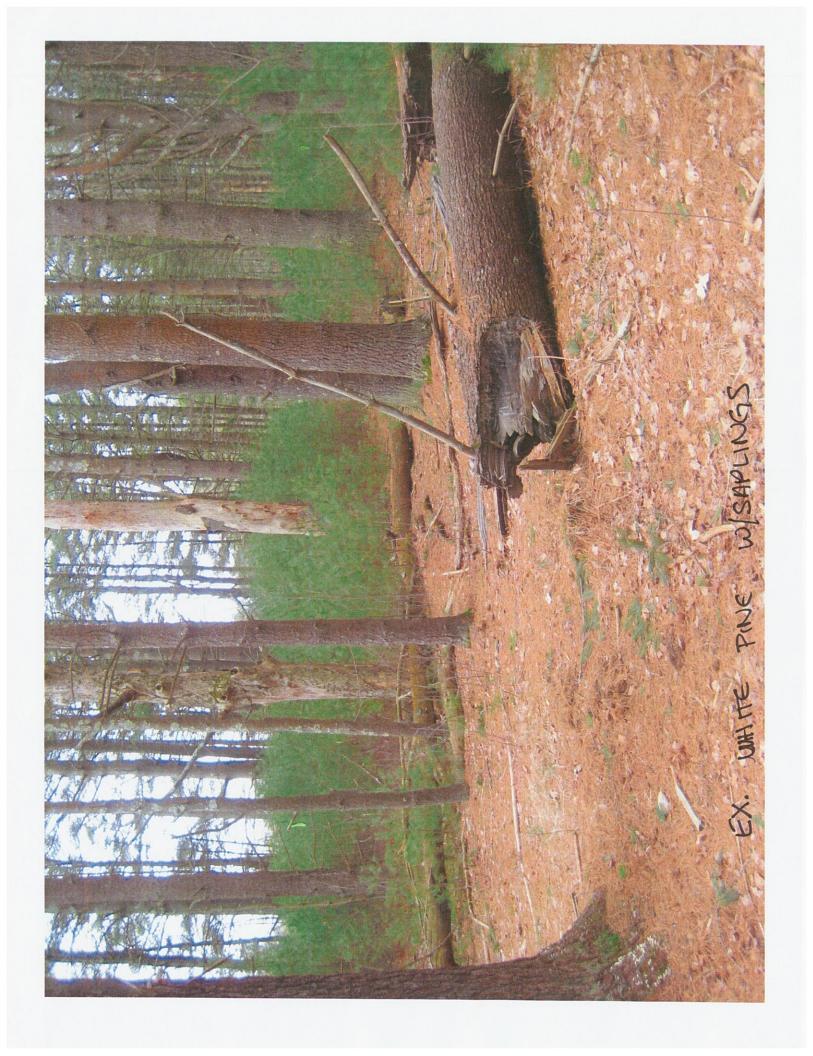
SP/s

Cc: File









# PROPOSED PARKING EXPANSION "VACHON CHEVROLET"

CONSTRUCTION NOTES/GENERAL PROVISIONS

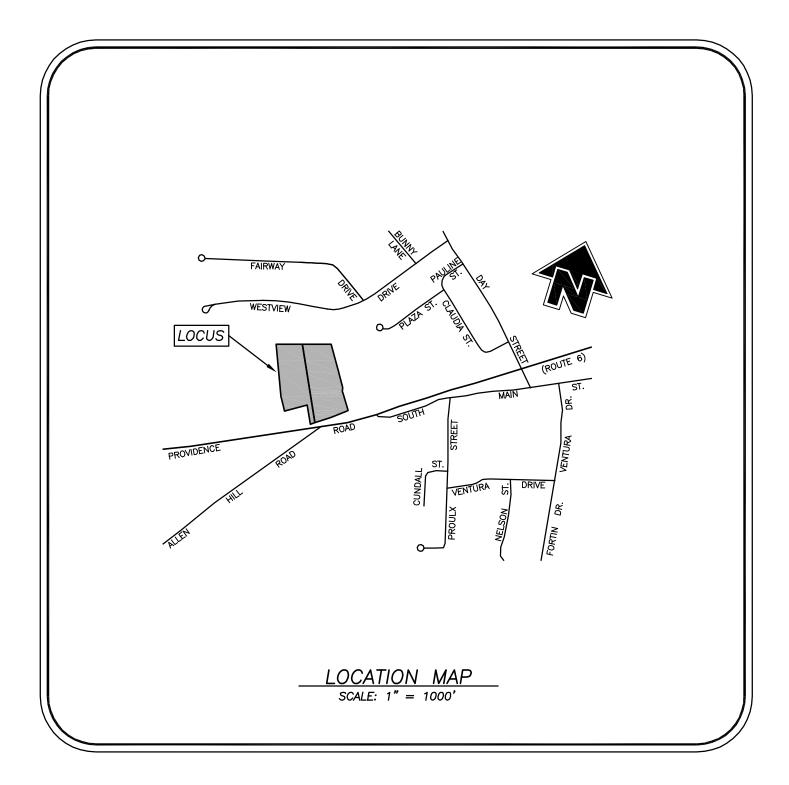
- 1. The locations of existing utilities are based upon visible field observations, record mapping and interviews with the property owner and abutting property owners. They are shown for informational purposes only. Contractor shall coordinate exploratory test hole excavation with the Engineer if necessary to verify and/or determine actual locations of some utilities & structures. It is the responsibility of the contractor to verify the location and elevation of all utilities. Contact "CALL BEFORE YOU DIG" at 1-800-922-4455, and obtain all applicable permits, prior to any excavation around utilities.
- 2. All existing site features not scheduled to remain shall be removed and disposed of in a proper manner, by the contractor.
- 3. All Materials and methods of construction shall conform to "State of Connecticut, Department of Transportation, Standard Specifications for Roads, Bridges and Incidental Construction, Form 816", and supplements thereto.
- 4. The Contractor shall obtain copies of all regulatory agency permits from the Owner prior to any site disturbance.
- 5. Unless otherwise noted on the plans, the contractor shall use the geometry provided on the construction plans. Benchmark information shall be provided to the contractor by the Owner or the Owner's surveyor. Any discrepancies between field measurements and construction plan information shall be brought to the attention of the Engineer or Surveyor immediately.
- 6. The Contractor shall not revise elevations or locations of items shown on the plans without written consent of the project Engineer or Surveyor.
- 7. The Contractor shall protect benchmarks, property corners, and other survey monuments from damage or displacement. If a marker needs to be removed, it shall be referenced by a licensed land surveyor and replaced as necessary by the same.
- 8. The Contractor shall be responsible for preparing and compacting base for proposed pavement. Owner shall provide general fill to establish subgrade - contractor shall spread and compact. Contractor shall provide, spread and compact required processed aggregate
- 9. The entire project site shall be thoroughly cleaned at the completion of the work. Clean all installed paved areas, accumulated silt and sediment, plus all adjacent areas affected by the construction activities as directed by the Owner or the jurisdictional Agency.

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APPROVED BY PLANNING AND ZC	THE BROOKLYN NING COMMISSION	
		E BROOKLYN INLAND COMMISSION
CHAIRMAN	DATE	
Expiration date per Sec. 8.20 Connecticut General Statutes:	5C,	DATE

PROVIDENCE ROAD (ROUTE 6) BROOKLYN, CONNECTICUT

### **PREPARED FOR:** VACHON BROOKLYN, LLC



PREPARED BY:



JANUARY 2020

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VER MANHOLE NDS FLAG ITOURS ONTOURS

#### INDEX TO DRAWINGS

TITLE	SHEET No.
COVER SHEET	1 OF 5
EXISTING CONDITIONS MAP	2 OF 5
SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN 1	3 OF 5
SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN 2	4 OF 5
DETAIL SHEET	5 OF 5

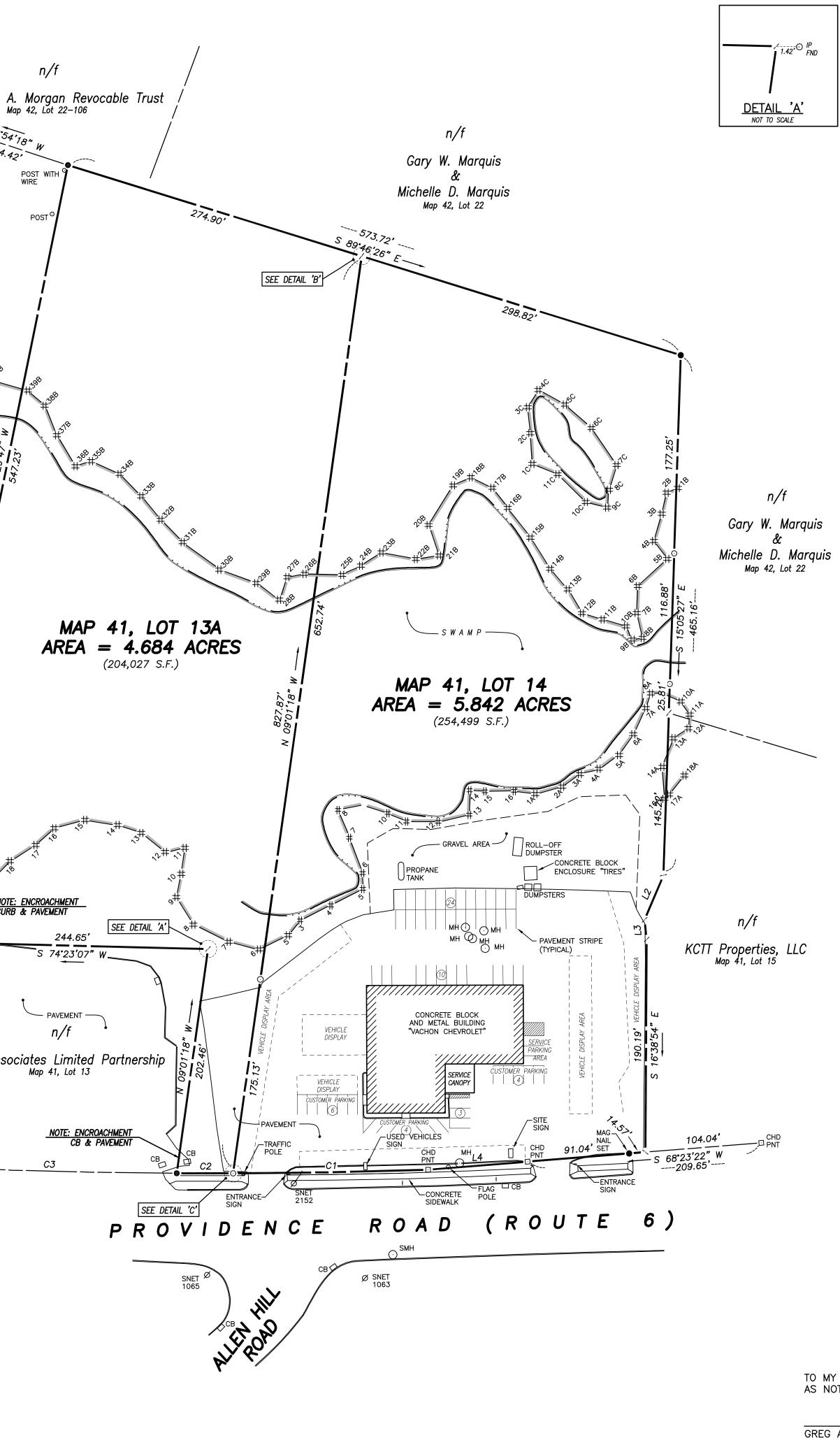
**BEFORE YOU DIG** CALL BEFORE YOU DIG AT LEAST TWO FULL BUSINESS DAYS **BEFORE DIGGING OR DISTURBING EARTH** DIAL 811 OR 1-800-922-4455

#### FOR REVIEW ONLY NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

NORMAND THIBEAULT, JR., P.E. No. 22834 DATE

SHEET 1 OF 5 JOB NO: 19129

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		GRAPHIC SCALE IN FEET         CURVE DATA         C1       C2       C3 $R = 5680.00'$ $R = 5680.00'$ $R = 5680.00$ $D = 1'45'30"$ $D = 0'30'33"$ $D = 2'15'41"$ $L = 174.32'$ $L = 50.48'$ $L = 224.18'$ $CH = S 71'56'28"$ $CH = S 73'04'30"$ $CH = S 74'2$ $174.32'$ $50.48'$ $224.16'$ LINE DATA $L1 = N 14'49'40"$ $W 34.19'$ $L2 = S 06'00'57"$ $W 43.34'$ $L3 = S 23'24'09"$ $E 17.56'$ $L4 = S 68'21'47"$ $W 89.41'$	<i>\$</i>	M
			n/f Jewett City Savings Bank	
		<u>AP REFERENCES:</u> "Connecticut State Highway Department — Right of Way Map — of Brooklyn — Brooklyn—Danielson Road — From the Old Por Road — Easterly About 12,000 Feet — Route U.S.6. — Scale: 1" = Date: June 29, 1934 — Number 19—06 — Sheet No. 4 o	mfret <u>NOTE: ENCROACHMENT</u>	#;# NOTE: / CURB
	2.	"Town of Brooklyn — Map Showing Land & Easement Acquired By – SAtate of Connecticut — From — Mildred Chase Hopkins — Reloc of Route U.S. 6 — Scale: 1" = 40' — Date: June 1953 — Towr 19 — Project No. 43 — Serial No. 1 — Sheet 1 of 1 — Prepare Ernest T. Perkins." On file in the Brooklyn Land Records	cation 8 High 14 n No. 6 FENCE 1	
	3.	Map Book 2 Page 98. "Boundary Survey – property of – Stephen Castle – Route 6, Bro- Conn. – Scale: 1" = 40' – Date: July 30, 1964 – Sheet 1 Prepared by: Morton S. Fine & Associates." On file in the Bro- hand Baseda as Mass Bask 2 Date 52	ooklyn, of 1 ooklyn	
	4.	Land Records as Map Book 3 Page 52. "Map Showing Portion of Land of — Stephen Castle — Broc Connecticut — Scale: 1" = 20' — Date: March 19, 1982 — Prej By: Thomas A. Brennan, Jr." On file in the Brooklyn Land Rec as Map Book 7 Page 18.	apared Ala	in Assoc
	5.	"Subdivision Map — Prepared for — Gary D. Kuchy — Westview Brooklyn, Connecticut — Scale: 1" = 80' — Date: June 16, Revised to: 11/1/99 — Sheet 1 of 11 — Prepared by: J&D Engineers and Provost Rovero Fitzback." On file in the Bro- Land Records.	1999 ) Civil	
	6.	"Boundary Survey – Property of Gertrude M. Markley – Provid Road – Route 6 – Brooklyn, Connectiuct – Scale: 1" = 4 Date: Nov. 2002 – Sheet No. 1 – prepared by: Archer Surve LLC." On file in the Brooklyn Land Records as Map Book 15 Page	+O' — cHD □	
0 – 1:22 PM	7.	"Improvement Location Survey - Prepared for - Premier Cheven 512 Providence Road (Route 6) - Brooklyn, Connecticut - S 1" = 50' - Date: 10/12/2011 - Sheet 1 of 1 - Prepared Killingly Engineering Associates." On file in the Brooklyn	vrolet Scale: .d. by:	
Oct 19, 2020 –	8.	Records. "Property Survey – Property Line Relocation – Prepared KCTT Properties, LLC – Route #6 (Providence Road) – Broc Connecticut – Scale: 1" = 20' – Date: October 2016 – Re to: 1/5/2017 – Sheet No. 1 of 1 – Prepared by: PC Su Associates." On file in the Brooklyn Land Records.	oklyn, evised	
K:\19129\Drawings\02_19129 EXIST.dwg Oct 19,		APPROVED BY THE BROOKLYN PLANNING AND ZONING COMMISSION	ENDORSED BY THE BROOKLYN INLAND WETLANDS COMMISSION	
(:\19129\D		CHAIRMAN     DATE       Expiration date per Sec. 8.26C,		
×		Connecticut General Statutes:	CHAIRMAN DATE	



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TO MY KNOWLEDGE AND BELIEF, THIS MAP IS SUBSTANTIALLY CORRECT AS NOTED HEREON,	<i>i i i</i> w	(860) 779-7299 ww.killinglyengineering.com
	DATE: 1/07/2020	DRAWN: AMR
	SCALE: 1" = 60'	DESIGN: NET
GREG A. GLAUDE, L.S. LIC. NO. 70191 DATE	SHEET: 2 OF 5	CHK BY:
NO CERTIFICATION IS EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED UNLESS THIS MAP BEARS	DWG. No: CLIENT FILE	JOB No: 19129
THE ORIGINAL SEAL AND SIGNATURE OF THE LAND SURVEYOR.		

## www.killinglyengineering.com

Killingly Engineering Associates
Civil Engineering & Surveying
114 Westcott Road
P.O. Box 421
Killingly, Connecticut 06241 (860) 779-7299

VACHON BROOKLYN, LLC

PREPARED FOR

PROVIDENCE ROAD (ROUTE 6) BROOKLYN, CONNECTICUT

03/31/2020	PER NECCOG REVIEW	
03/10/2020	PER SOIL SCIENTIST REPORT & STAFF COMMENTS	
DATE	DESCRIPTION	
	REVISIONS	
IMPROVEMENT LOCATION SURVEY		
SHOWING EXISTING CONDITIONS		

10/07/2020 PER PLANNER REVIEW

## 4. Wetlands shown were delineated in the field by Joseph Theroux, Certified Soil Scientist, in September 2019. 5. North orientation, bearings and coordinate values shown are based on North American Datum of 1983 (NAD 83) and are taken from actual field measurements of CGS Random Points B9262 and B9264.

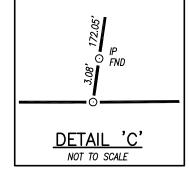
## Map 41, Lot 13A = Vachon Brooklyn, LLC 957 Washington Street, Attleboro, MA 02703 Volume 632, Page 114

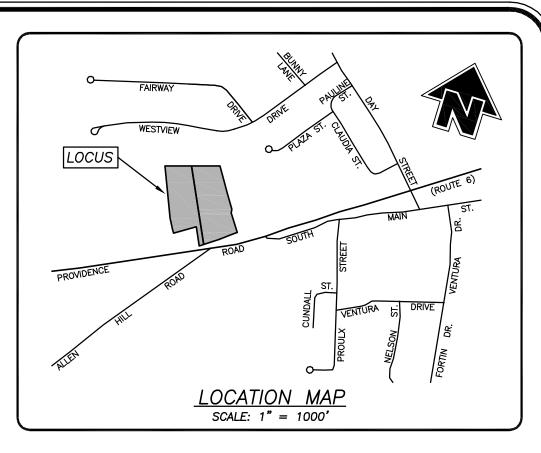
Map 41, Lot 14 = Vachon Brooklyn, LLC 957 Washington St., Attleboro, MA 02703 Volume 620, Page 163

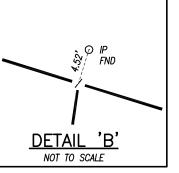
- 2. Zone = PC. 3. Owner of record:
- Survey Type: Improvement Location Survey. - Boundary Determination Category: Dependent Resurvey.
- This survey conforms to a Class "A-2" horizontal accuracy.
- This survey has been prepared pursuant to the Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies Sections 20-300b-1 through 20-300b-20 and the "Standards for Surveys and Maps in the State of Connecticut" as adopted by the Connecticut Association of Land Surveyors, Inc. on September 26, 1996;

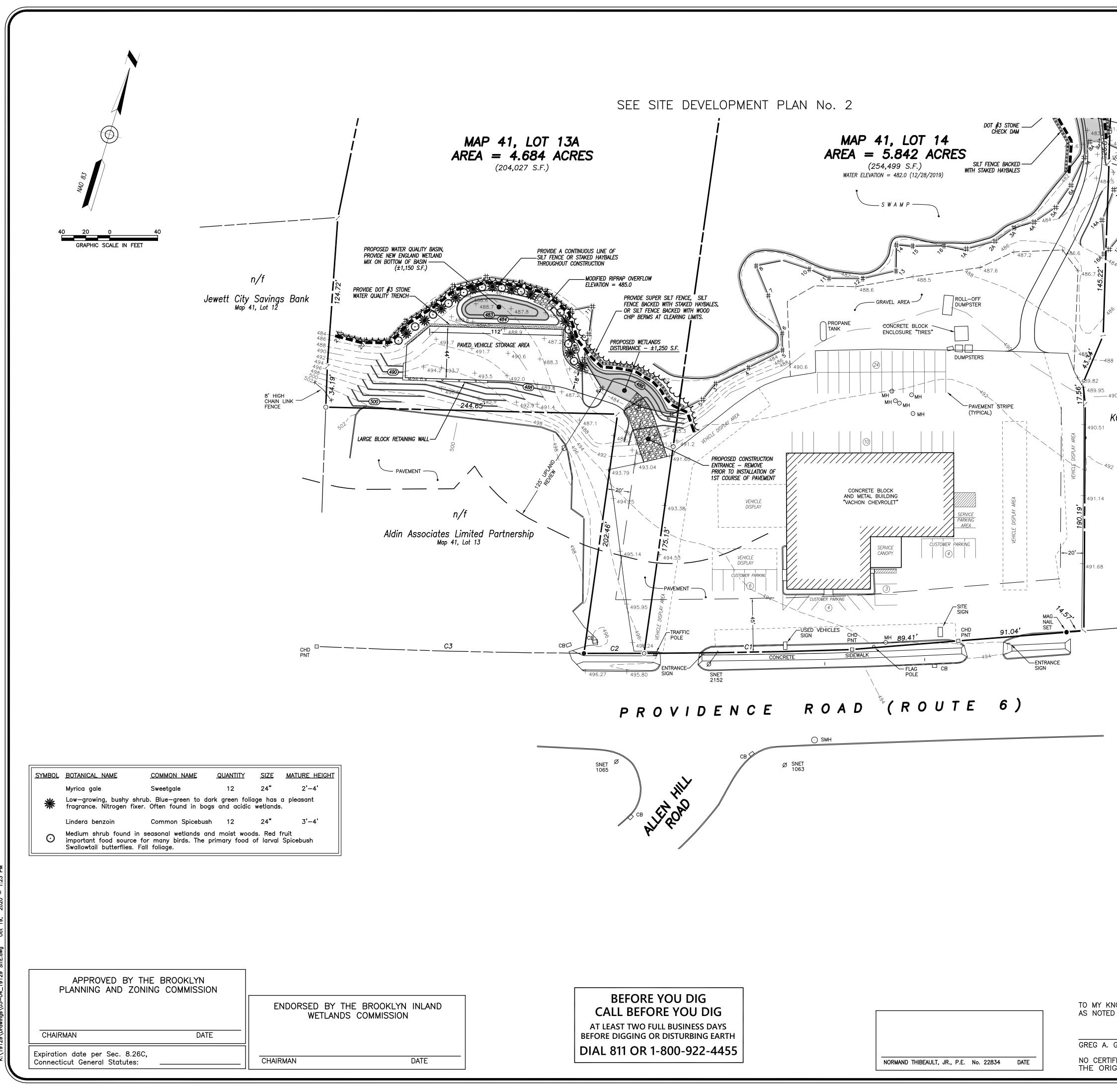
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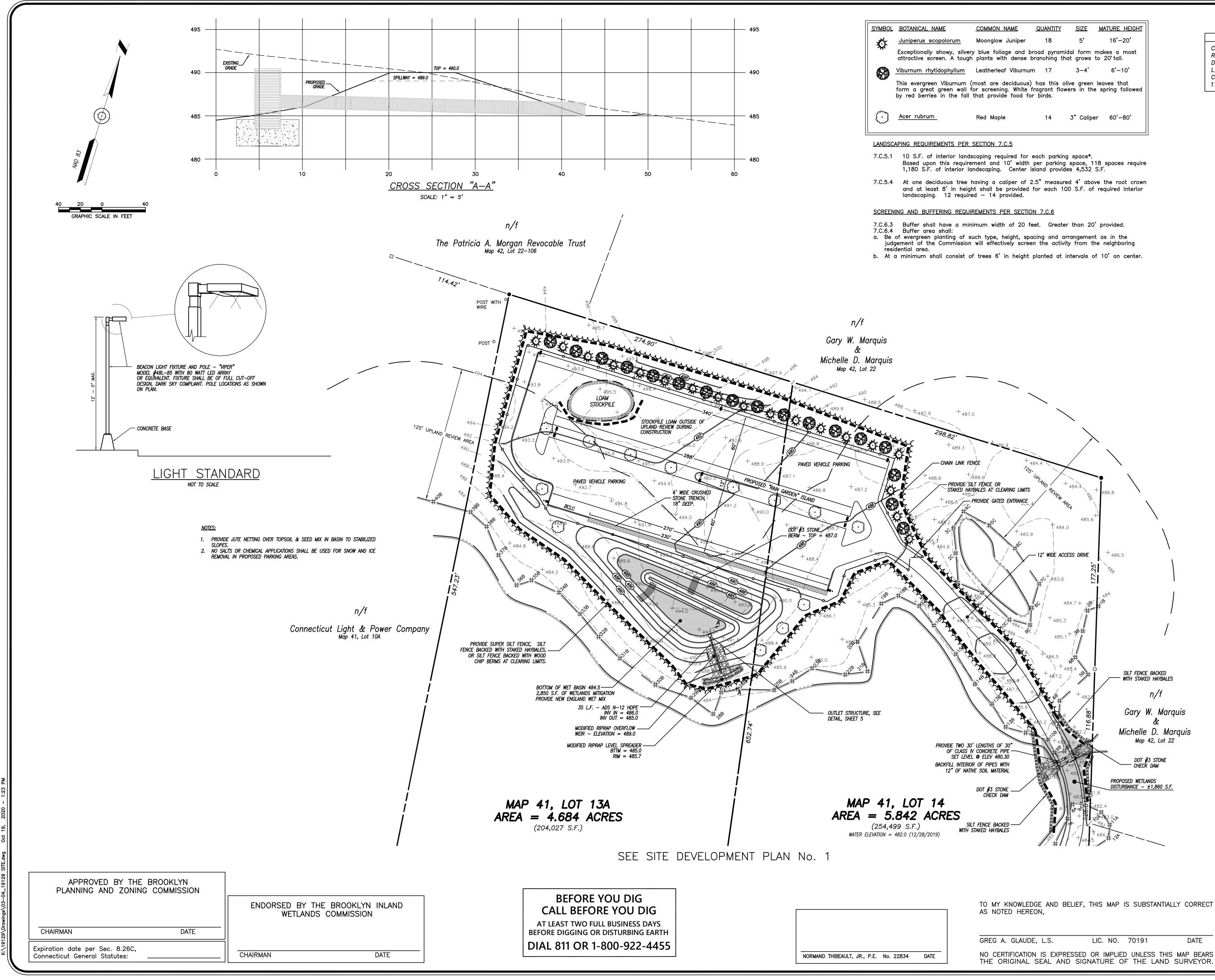




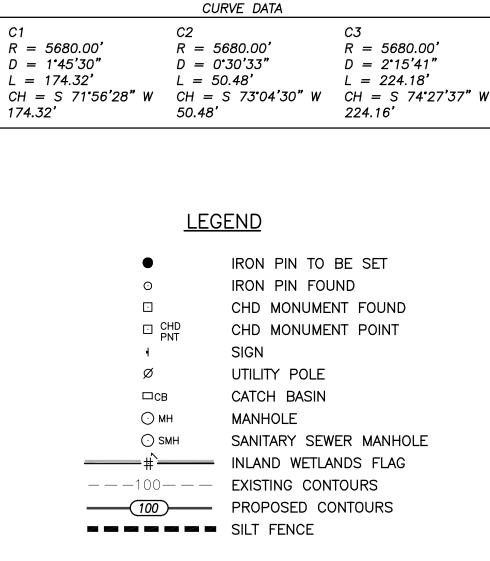


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	● IRON PIN TO BE SET
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	CHD CHD MONUMENT POINT
# <sup>68</sup>	Ø UTILITY POLE
्र १४	□св CATCH BASIN ⊙ мн MANHOLE
	⊙ SMH SANITARY SEWER MANHOLE → + → → → → → → → → → → → → → → → → → →
	- $  100$ $ -$ EXISTING CONTOURS $ \overline{100}$ $-$ PROPOSED CONTOURS
n/f	
CTT Properties, LLC Map 41, Lot 15	
	NOTES:
	1. This survey has been prepared pursuant to the Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies Sections 20-300b-1 through
	20—300b—20 and the "Štandards for Surveys and Maps in the State of Connecticut" as adopted by the Connecticut Association of Land Surveyors, Inc. on September 26, 1996
	— This survey conforms to a Class "A—2" horizontal accuracy.
	<ul> <li>Topographic features conform to a Class "T-2", "V-2" vertical accuracy.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Survey Type: Improvement Location Survey.</li> <li>Zone = PC.</li> </ul>
	<ol> <li>Zone – FC.</li> <li>Owner of record:</li> </ol>
	Map 41, Lot 14 = Vachon Brooklyn, LLC 957 Washington St., Attleboro, MA 02703 Volume 620, Page 163
CHD CHD PNT	Map 41, Lot 13A = Vachon Brooklyn, LLC 957 Washington St., Attleboro, MA 02703 Volume 632, Page 114
	<ol> <li>Wetlands shown were delineated in the field by Joseph Theroux Certified Soil Scientist, in September 2019.</li> </ol>
	5. North orientation, bearings and coordinate values shown are based on North American Datum of 1983 (NAD 83) and are taker from actual field measurements of CGS Random Points B9262 and B9264.
	6. Elevations shown are based on an assumed datum. Contours shown are taken from actual field survey. Contour interval = 2'
	7. Before any construction is to commence contact "CALL BEFORE YOU DIG" at 1-800-922-4455 or 811.
	10/07/2020 PER PLANNER REVIEW 03/31/2020 PER NECCOG REVIEW 03/10/2020 PER SOIL SCIENTIST REPORT & STAFF COMMENTS
	DATE DESCRIPTION REVISIONS
	IMPROVEMENT LOCATION SURVEY SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN No. 1
	PREPARED FOR
	VACHON BROOKLYN, LLC
	512 PROVIDENCE ROAD (ROUTE 6) BROOKLYN, CONNECTICUT
	Killingly Engineering Associates Civil Engineering & Surveying
	114 Westcott Road P.O. Box 421 Killingly, Connecticut 06241
DWLEDGE AND BELIEF, THIS MAP IS SUBSTANTIALLY CORI HEREON,	(0.0) 770 7000
	DATE: 1/07/2020 DRAWN: AMR
CLAUDE, L.S. LIC. NO. 70191 DAT	SCALE:         1" = 40'         DESIGN:         NET           TE         SHEET:         3 OF 5         CHK BY:
	EARS DWG. No: CLIENT FILE JOB No: 19129



IAME	QUANTITY	<u>SIZE</u>	MATURE HEIGHT
Juniper	18	5'	16'—20'
	road pyramido pranching that		makes a most to 20'tall.
Viburnun	n 17	3-4'	6'—10'
eciduous) g. White f e food foi		e green rs in th	n leaves that ne spring followed
	14 3	3" Calip	er 60'-80'



DATE

#### 1. This survey has been prepared pursuant to the Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies Sections 20–300b–1 through 20–300b–20 and the "Standards for Surveys and Maps in the State of Connecticut" as adopted by the Connecticut Association of Land Surveyors, Inc. on September 26, 1996;

- This survey conforms to a Class "A-2" horizontal accuracy. - Topographic features conform to a Class "T-2", "V-2"

- Survey Type: Improvement Location Survey.
- 2. Zone = PC.

NOTES:

3. Owner of record:

vertical accuracy.

- Map 41, Lot 14 = Vachon Brooklyn, LLC 957 Washington St., Attleboro, MA 02703 Volume 620, Page 163
- Map 41, Lot 13A = Vachon Brooklyn, LLC 957 Washington St., Attleboro, MA 02703 Volume 632, Page 114
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- 6. Elevations shown are based on an assumed datum. Contours shown are taken from actual field survey. Contour interval = 2'.
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10/07/2020	PER PLANNER REVIEW	
03/31/2020	PER NECCOG REVIEW	
03/10/2020	PER SOIL SCIENTIST REPORT & STAFF COMMENTS	
DATE	DESCRIPTION	
REVISIONS		
IMPROVEMENT LOCATION SURVEY		

SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN No. 2

PREPARED FOR

### VACHON BROOKLYN, LLC

512 PROVIDENCE ROAD (ROUTE 6) BROOKLYN, CONNECTICUT



DESIGN: NET

CHK BY: ---

JOB No: 19129

SCALE: 1'' = 40'

SHEET: 4 OF 5

DWG. No: CLIENT FILE

#### EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN:

- REFERENCE IS MADE TO:
- 1. Connecticut Guidelines for Soil Erosion and Sediment Control 2002 (2002 Guidelines).
- 2. U.S.D.A. N.R.C.S. Web Soil Survey

#### DEVELOPMENT CONTROL PLAN:

- 1. Development of the site will be performed by the Contractor, who will be responsible for the installation and maintenance of erosion and sediment control measures required throughout construction
- 2. The sedimentation control mechanisms shall remain in place from start of construction until permanent vegetation has been established. The representative for the Town of Brooklyn will be notified when sediment and erosion control structures are initially in place. Any additional soil & erosion control measures requested by the Town or its agent, shall be installed immediately. Once the proposed development, seeding and planting have been completed, the representative shall again be notified to inspect the site. The control measures will not be removed until this inspection is complete.
- 3. All stripping is to be confined to the immediate construction area. Topsoil shall be stockpiled so that slopes do not exceed 2 to 1. A hay bale sediment barrier is to surround each stockpile and a temporary vegetative cover shall be provided.
- 4. Dust control will be accomplished by spraying with water. The application of calcium chloride is not permitted adjacent to wetland resource areas or within 100' of these areas.
- 5. The proposed planting schedule is to be adhered to during the planting of disturbed areas throughout the proposed construction site.
- 6. Final stabilization of the site is to follow the procedures outlined in "Permanent Vegetative Cover". If necessary a temporary vegetative cover is to be provided until a permanent cover can be

#### SILT FENCE INSTALLATION AND MAINTENANCE:

- 1. Dig a 6" deep trench on the uphill side of the barrier location.
- 2. Position the posts on the downhill side of the barrier and drive the posts 1.5 feet into the around.
- 3. Lav the bottom 6" of the fabric in the trench to prevent undermining and backfill.
- 4. Inspect and repair barrier after heavy rainfall.
- 5. Inspections will be made at least once per week and within 24 hours of the end of a storm with a rainfall amount of 0.5 inch or greater to determine maintenance needs.
- 6. Sediment deposits are to be removed when they reach a height of 1 foot behind the barrier or half the height of the barrier and are to be deposited in an area which is not regulated by the inland wetlands commission
- 7. Replace or repair the fence within 24 hours of observed failure. Failure of the fence has occurred when sediment fails to be retained by the fence because:
- the fence has been overtopped, undercut or bypassed by runoff water - the fence has been moved out of position (knocked over), or
- the geotextile has decomposed or been damaged.

#### HAY BALE INSTALLATION AND MAINTENANCE:

- 1. Bales shall be placed as shown on the plans with the ends of the bales tightly abutting each
- 2. Each bale shall be securely anchored with at least 2 stakes and gaps between bales shall be wedged with straw to prevent water from passing between the bales.
- 3. Inspect bales at least once per week and within 24 hours of the end of a storm with a rainfall amount of 0.5 inches or greater to determine maintenance needs.
- 4. Remove sediment behind the bales when it reaches half the height of the bale and deposit in an area which is not regulated by the Inland Wetlands Commission.
- 5. Replace or repair the barrier within 24 hours of observed failure. Failure of the barrier has occurred when sediment fails to be retained by the barrier because: - the barrier has been overtopped, undercut or bypassed by runoff water.
- the barrier has been moved out of position, or - the hay bales have deteriorated or been damaged.

#### TEMPORARY VEGETATIVE COVER:

SEED SELECTION

rass species shall be appropriate for the season and site conditions. Appropriate species are outlined in Figure TS-2 in the 2002 Guidelines.

#### TIMING CONSIDERATIONS

Seed with a temporary seed mixture within 7 days after the suspension of grading work in disturbed areas where the suspension of work is expected to be more than 30 days but less than 1 year. SITE PREPARATION

#### Install needed erosion control measures such as diversions, grade stabilization structures, sediment

basins and grassed waterways. Grade according to plans and allow for the use of appropriate equipment for seedbed preparation,

#### seeding, mulch application, and mulch anchoring. SEEDBED PREPARATION

Loosen the soil to a depth of 3-4 inches with a slightly roughened surface. If the area has been recently loosened or disturbed, no further roughening is required. Soil preparation can be accomplished by tracking with a bulldozer, discing, harrowing, raking or dragging with a section of chain link fence. Avoid excessive compaction of the surface by equipment traveling back and forth over the surface. If the slope is tracked, the cleat marks shall be perpendicular to the anticipated direction of the flow of surface water.

If soil testing is not practical or feasible on small or variable sites, or where timing is critical, fertilizer may be applied at the rate of 300 pounds per acre or 7.5 pounds per 1,000 square feet of 10-10-10 or equivalent. Additionally, lime may be applied using rates given in Figure TS-1 in the 2002 Guidelines.

#### SEEDING

Apply seed uniformly by hand cyclone seeder, drill, cultipacker type seeder or hydroseeder at a minimum rate for the selected species. Increase seeding rates by 10% when hydroseeding. MUI CHING

#### Temporary seedings made during optimum seeding dates shall be mulched according to the recommendations in the 2002 Guidelines. When seeding outside of the recommended dates, increase the application of mulch to provide 95%-100% coverage. MAINTENANCE

Inspect seeded area at least once a week and within 24 hours of the end of a storm with a rainfall amount of 0.5 inch or areater for seed and mulch movement and rill erosion. Where seed has moved or where soil erosion has occurred, determine the cause of the failure.

Repair eroded areas and install additional controls if required to prevent reoccurrence of erosion.

DATE

Continue inspections until the grasses are firmly established. Grasses shall not be considered established until a ground cover is achieved which is mature enough to control soil erosion and to survive severe weather conditions (approximately 80% vegetative cover).

APPROVED BY THE BROOKLYN

PLANNING AND ZONING COMMISSION

CHAIRMAN	

Expiration	date	per	Sec.	8.26C
Connecticut General		Stat	utes:	

CHAIRMAN

PERMANENT VEGETATIVE COVER:

#### Refer to Permanent Seeding Measure in the 2002 Guidelines for specific applications and details related to the installation and maintenance of a permanent vegetative cover. In general, the following sequence of operations shall apply:

- 1. Topsoil will be replaced once the excavation and grading has been completed. Topsoil will be spread at a minimum compacted depth of 4".
- 2. Once the topsoil has been spread, all stones 2" or larger in any dimension will be removed as well as debris.
- 3. Apply agricultural ground limestone at a rate of 2 tons per acre or 100 lbs. per 1000 s.f. Apply 10-10-10 fertilizer or equivalent at a rate of 300 lbs. per acre or 7.5 lbs. per 1000 s.f. Work lime and fertilizer into the soil to a depth of 4".
- 4. Inspect seedbed before seeding. If traffic has compacted the soil, retill compacted areas.
- 5. Apply the chosen grass seed mix. The recommended seeding dates are: April 1 to June 15 & August 15 - October 1.
- 6. Following seeding, firm seedbed with a roller. Mulch immediately following seeding. If a permanent vegetative stand cannot be established by September 30, apply a temporary cover on the topsoil such as netting, mat or organic mulch

#### DEVELOPMENT SCHEDULE/SEQUENCE OF OPERATIONS:

- 1. Flag the limits of disturbance and schedule pre-construction meeting with Town of Brooklyn wetlands Agent.
- 2. Install the anti-tracking construction entrance
- 3. Install temporary logging crossing (corduroy crossing or slash mat) in the area of the wetlands crossing to allow for logging access.
- 4. Cut trees within the defined clearing limits and remove the cut wood.
- 5. Install perimeter erosion and sedimentation controls in accordance with the site development plan.
- 6. Excavate for proposed stormwater basin; area shall be utilized for a temproary sedimentation basin during construction.
- 7. Chip brush and slash; stockpile chips for use on site or remove off site. 8. When all logging activities have been completed, remove temporary crossing and install proposed pipes; counter sink pipes a minimum of 12" and fill bottoms with native material.
- 9. Box out areas to be paved and stockpile topsoil in locations shown on the plans. Install erosion controls around stockpiles and apply temporary seeding and divert water around the perimeter of the stockpile.
- 10.Install and compact processed gravel for driveway and parking area base.
- 11. Remove tree stumps and dispose of at an approved disposal site. Alternatively, stumps may be chipped in place. No stumps shall be buried on site.
- 12. Make all required cuts and fills. Establish the subgrade for the driveway as required and install additional erosion controls as necessary and as shown on the plans.
- 13.Inspect perimeter erosion and sedimentation controls weekly and after rain events in excess of 0.5". Repair any damaged controls and provide additional erosion control devices as necessary to address areas of concentrated runoff that may develop as a result of the construction activities. The contractor shall review discharge conditions with the design engineer or the Town of Brooklyn prior to installing additional erosion controls. Apply water as necessary for dust control.
- 14.Install required utilities.
- 15. Prepare sub-base for driveway and remainder of the parking areas for final grading.
- 16.Place topsoil where required and install any proposed landscaping.
- 17. Remove anti- tracking construction entrance and install first course of pavement.
- 18. When the remainder of the site work is near completion, sweep all payed areas for the final course of paving. Inspect erosion controls and remove any accumulated sediment. Clean accumulate sediment from the stormwater basin, apply topsoil & seed, and cover with jute netting.
- 19. Install final course of pavement upon the completion of the final structure.
- 20. Fine arade, rake, seed and mulch to within 2' of the pavement.
- 21. Remove and dispose of all silt fence and hay bales after the site has been stabilized to the satisfaction of the Town of Brooklyn.

**RESPONSIBLE PARTY FOR E&S MAINTENANCE:** 

#### Joe Simon Vachon Chevrolet 512 Providence Road Brooklyn, CT 06234 (401) 692-1459

#### WETLAND SEED MIX FOR WETLANDS MITIGATION

The New England Wetmix (Wetland Seed Mix) contains a wide variety of native seeds that are suited to moist ground as found in most wet meadows, scrub shrub, or forested wetland basins not generally under standing water. The seeds will not germinate under inundated conditions. If planted during the fall months, the seed mix will germinate the following spring. During the first season of growth, several species will produce seeds while other species will This mix is comprised of the wetland species most likely to grow in created/restored wetlands and should produce more than 75% ground cover in two full growing seasons.

on large or hard to reach sites. Lightly rake to insure good seed—to—soil contact. Seeding can take place on frozen soil, as the freezing and thawing weather of late fall and late winter will sowing during the summer months supplemental watering will likely be required until germination. A light mulch of clean, weed free straw is recommended.

APPLICATION RATE: 1 LB/2500 sq. ft

lupulina), Green Bulrush, (Scirpus atrovirens), Nodding Bur Marigold, (Bidens cer-nua), Bristly Sedge, (Carex comosa), Fringed Sedge, (Carex crinita), American Mannagrass, (Glyceria grandis), Aster, (Aster novae-angliae), Rattlesnake Grass, (Glyceria canadensis), Purplestem aster (Aster puniceus), Soft Stem Bulrush, (Scirpus validus), Blueflag (Iris versicolor), Swamp Milkweed, (Asclepias incarnata), Monkey Flower, (Mimulus ringens). The functionality of each mix will remain unchanged, although mix composition may vary during the year.

ENDORSED BY THE BROOKLYN	INLAND	
WETLANDS COMMISSION		

DATE

